Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

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The Cambria Freeman

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One copy, six months, - - - - -	1 00
One copy, three months, - - - -	50

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Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty five, six months; and fifty numbers, one year.

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We have made arrangements by which we can do or have done all kinds of plain and fancy Job Printing, such as Books, Pamphets, Show Cards, Bill and Letter Heads, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the best style of the art and at the most moderate prices. Also, all kinds of Ruling, Blank Books, Book Binding, &c., executed to order as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

M. L. OATMAN,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

CONSISTING OF

Double Extra Family Flour,

GRAIN, FEED,

BACON, SALT, FISH,

FRESH VEGETABLES,

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS,

SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.

Also, a large stock of the

Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco.

STORE ON HIGH STREET,

Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,

Ebensburg, Pa.

SECURE THE SHADOW ERE *THE SUBSTANCE FADES!*

SPENCE'S NEW

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

Is now in perfect order for executing Pictures in every style of the art. Photographs of life like accuracy, ranging from the smallest card picture to the largest size for framing, taken in any weather, and warranted to give satisfaction. Particular attention paid to children's pictures. Frames of all kinds for sale cheap. Frames of any kind not on hand will be ordered when desired. Instructions in the art on liberal terms.

☞ Gallery on Julian street, 3 doors north of Town Hall. T. T. SPENCE.

Ebensburg, Oct. 8, 1868. Photographer.

New Firm---New Goods.

THE undersigned, having given his son, J. E. Shields, an interest in his store, the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of P. H. Shields & Co., and as we are determined to sell Goods cheap for cash, or exchange for grain, lumber or produce, we hope by strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage from a generous public.

Having determined to settle up my old books of thirty years standing, I now ask those indebted to me to come forward and make settlement on or before the 1st day of December, 1868. P. H. SHIELDS.

Loretto, Oct. 15, 1868. tf.

JOHN CROUSE,

WHOLESLE DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS.

BEST BRANDS OF BRANDY, WHISKY, IRISH WHISKY, GIN, &c., &c.

The very best qualities of Liquors, Wines, &c., for Medical purposes. Prices LOW.

☞ Hotel and Saloon keepers will do well to give me a call at my store on Canal street, in building formerly occupied by T. G. Stewart & Co. Johnstown, Aug. 27, 1868. tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.

GAY & WELSH,

Successors to Gay & Painter,

WHOLESALE

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c..

362 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH.

L. L. LANGSTROTH'S

PATENT MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE!

PRONOUNCED THE BEST EVER YET introduced in this County or State. Any person buying a family right can have their Bees transferred from an old box to a new one. In every instance in which this has been done the result has been entirely satisfactory, and the first take of honey has invariably paid all expenses, and frequently exceeded them. Proof of the superior merits of this invention will be found in the testimony of every man who has given it a trial, and among the number are the gentlemen named below, and their experience should induce every one interested in Bees to

BUY A FAMILY RIGHT!

Henry C. Kirkpatrick, of Carroll township, took 106 pounds of surplus honey from two hives, which he sold at 35 cents per pound.

Adam Defrich, of Carroll township, took from two hives 100 pouds of surplus honey.

James Kirkpatrick, of Chest township, took 60 pounds of surplus honey from one hive.

Jacob Kirkpatrick, of Chest township, obtained 72 pounds of surplus honey from one hive, worth not less than $21, and the right cost him only $5.

Peter Campbell from one hive obtained 76 pounds of surplus honey at one time.

☞ Quite a number of similar statements, authenticated by some of the best citizens of Cambria county, could be obtained in proof of the superior merits of Langstroth's Patent Movable Comb Bee Hive.

Persons wishing to purchase family rights should call on or address

PETER CAMPBELL,

Nov. 5, 1868 tf. Carrolltown, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises in Susquehanna township, on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate of which Henry Lloyd late of Susquehanna twp., died seized: A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Lloyd & Craver, Uriah Lloyd, Abraham Kerns, heirs of Richard Nagle, and others, containing 131 ACRES and 156 PERCHES, about 50 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a half story Frame House.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser.

AUGUSTINE CRAVER,

Administrator of Henry Lloyd, dec'd.

Susquehanna Tp., Nov. 5, 1868.-4t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the house of Lawrence Schroth, in Carrolltown, on FRIDAY, the 4th day of December next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described valuable Real Estate, to wit: The one undivided four fifths of that certain PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Adam Lieb, —— Sheriff, Michael Forabaugh and Peter Swinger, containing 77 ACRES and 89 PERCHES, more or less, about 20 Acres of which are cleared

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year thereafter, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bond of the purchaser.

JOSEPH A. KRUMENACHER,

Guardian of Margaret Lynch, (formerly Margaret Haynes), Catharine Haynes, Celestine Haynes and Jacob Haynes. [Nov.12-3t.

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale the FARM on which they now reside, situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, within two miles of Loretto, (formerly owned by James McAteer,) containing ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN ACRES, more or less, 100 Acres of which are cleared—the balance well timbered. There is erected on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE and splendid BARN, together with other necessary outbuildings, such as Blacksmith Shop, Corn Crib, Sheep House, &c.; also, an excellent ORCHARD of choice fruit. Title perfect. For terms apply on the premises to

B. & C SHIELDS.

Loretto P. O., Aug. 20, 1868.-tf.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT REMOVED.—The subscriber would respectfully announce to his customers and the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity generally, that he has removed to the new building on Centre street, opposite the Mountain House and adjoining the law office of Geo. M Reade, Esq., and is now not only prepared to manufacture all goods which may be brought to him but is supplied with a fine line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which he will make to order in the best style and at the lowest prices. Feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction, I hope for an increased patronage in my new location. D. J EVANS.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD AND BLOCK TIN PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Plumbers', Gas and Steam Fitters' Materials,

No. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Send for a Price List [nov.19.-5m.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration CUM TESTAMENTO ANNEXO on the estate of Thomas Durbin, late of Clearfield township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN DURBIN, Administrator.

Clearfield Tp., Oct 22, 1868.-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Catharine Otterson, late of Summitville borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Nov.5-6t. JAMES BROWN, Adm'r.

NOTICE —Letters of Administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of John Fitzpatrick, late of Summerhill township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons inebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Administrator.

Ebensburg, Oct. 29, 1868.-6t.

Original Poetry.

CHILDHOOD'S YEARS.

DEDICATED TO HER SISTER MAGGIE BY L. P. K.

Oh! vanished years of childhood,
How ye haunt my pensive hours,
As again in mem'ry I roam the wildwood
To gather Spring's first flowers:
Or ramble where the voice of vernal gales
O'er the soft green meadow blows,
And stray where the stream thro' even vales
Softly murmurs as it onward flows.

Again I cull the woodland flowers,
And twine a wreath, sister dear, for thee,
As oft I've done in childhood's hours—
Those hours of thoughtless glee—
When joy from out the violet grew,
In woods and pastures green;
When Summer skies were far more blue
Than since they e'er have been.

I see again the garden shade,
Where, in the Summer days we played:
Where brother Tom our houses made
Of moss we gathered in the glade.

I see the swing 'neath the beach trees,
The "cottage shelter" for the bees.
I see them all, and beyond these
A something DEARER still.
I see an eye serenely blue,
A cheek of girlhood's freshest hue:
A buoyant heart, a spirit true
Alike in good and ill.

Dear sister, thou wert all to me,
And I sufficient friend for thee;
Where was there a happier twain than we
With brother by our side?
Like the sweet flowers of early May,
Our pleasures 'round about us lay.
Oh! a happy morning had life's day,
What e'er its eve betide.

Again, to-day our evening prayer,
At a fond mother's side we kneel;
Her gentle voice methinks I hear—
That voice, how all our griefs 'twould heal.

Oh! who is there but would be fain
To be a child once more,
If childhood's years could bring again
All that they brought before.
And oft amid the sordid strife
Of worldly wisdom do I turn
To those early years, and scenes of life,
And for our joyous childhood yearn.
Yes, oft I wish, 'mid care and pain,
To be a happy child again.

ELIZABETH, Pa., November, 1868.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

A WONDERFUL PHENOMENON.

ISLANDS OF PURE GEMS THROWN UP FROM THE BED OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN BY THE LATE EARTHQUAKE.

To the Editor of the St. Louis Times:

One of the most extraordinary stories ever read or written has since a late hour last night been gaining ground in certain quiet quarters of the city. It is so marvelous that one could scarcely believe it to be anything but the chimera of a madman's brain, if it were not confirmed by scientific facts, and by a vast number of the theories of modern philosophy. It is difficult to determine what amount of credibility we should attach to it, and it is best to let every man who reads the following paragraphs judge for himself. It will be remembered that the late catastrophe in South America occurred simultaneously with an extraordinary eclipse of the sun, which astronomers affirm has not occurred before for two thousand years and will not occur again for two thousand years to come.

No event of equal magnitude to the late earthquake in South America has occurred since the days of Herculaneum and Pompeii; but the convulsion which overwhelmed those two cities was nearly local (so far as is known), and of scarcely any extent compared to the late catastrophe, which shook the entire continent of America, from the river Sacramento to Cape Horn, and which must have been felt with a thousand times more terrific force out in the wide Pacific. It must be borne in mind that geologists affirm that the crust of the earth in that quarter of the globe is much thinner than at others; and some of them even go so far as to say that the bed of the Pacific is formed of a submerged continent. At all events, the great majority of the islands of the Pacific archipelago are of volcanic formation, and navigators have been known to discover islands in these latitudes which they knew from their previous experience not to have existed some years before. It is now an established fact that the entire center of the earth is filled with a boiling ocean of liquid fire, which horrible and enormous masses are liable to the same changes of ebb and flow as the mighty mass of waters on the outside crust of our globe. This horrible reservoir has been described by Sir Charles Lycle and other profound thinkers as the great furnace of nature, wherein are smelted all the metals,—gold, silver, lead, iron, platina, &c.,—and which are afterward pushed up to the surface by the volcanic action of the seething ocean beneath. It is here also that are produced the beautiful diamonds and crystalized stones, for it is now known that they owe the form and brilliancy they possess simply to the fact that they have been exposed to the high temperature which exists in the center of the earth. We could make diamonds out of charcoal, could we reach the proper degree of heat; but that can, perhaps, never be reached by any artificial means at the command of man. As we said above the ocean of liquid fire is subject to tidal motion, and it is to this fact must be attributed the fearful events that have desolated South America. The eclipse in the East Indies, where the sun and moon were in direct conjunction, must have created a stronger tidal current than has existed for two thousand years; and this current, rushing back with accelerated velocity, shook the crust of the earth in the western hemisphere (just as a wave of the ocean would shake the sides of an old oaken vessel) and vomited up to the surface the seething masses of matter which had been agitated in its bosom for thousands of years. These masses, on coming in contact with lower temperature, instantly crystalized just as water crystalizes into ice in winter time.

The captain of a vessel, trading between San Francisco and Valparaiso, describes what he witnessed in the Pacific ocean, but in what latitude he keeps a secret to himself. This captain has, or rather had, a brother boarding in a house on North Fourth street, and it is a letter which he wrote to his brother that has given occasion to the rumors that are whispered about in that quarter of the city. The substance of the letter, as it has reached us, is mainly as follows:

When nearly half way on the voyage, and at the time the earthquake took place, a fearful phenomenon presented itself.—The ocean became convulsed to its highest depths, and a terrible wave was swept along so high that, as the captain humorously said, he thought it would have landed him in the city of Quito. The seamen were terribly frightened, but the vessel was to rights again in less than ten minutes. The affair was a mere joke among the men, for they fancied it was one of the high tidal waves which are common in the Pacific. They continued their voyage, but towards midnight were alarmed by an extraordinary light which appeared in the heavens, and was first noticed on the larboard side, and which the ignorant and superstitious attributed to supernatural causes. The captain, who seems to be an intelligent and courageous man, steered his vessel right in the direction of the light, and just before sunrise a sight, of magnificence—such as no human eye has ever rested on—met his gaze. It was no less than a group of islands formed of huge masses of solid diamond of every color, and, in some places, of the purest brilliancy. The sailors fell into ecstasies, and one man, a half-breed from the Sandwich Islands, lost his senses so far that he would have thrown himself overboard if he had not been tied down. They sailed among the group the entire day, and found it to consist, on a rough calculation, of from 12 to 20 in number; but the exact number, or their relative size, there was no time to ascertain. They consist of a large, white flint rocks of crystalized shape (some places nearly transparent) which rise to a height of about 150 feet from the water. Thick layers of various metals are imbedded into them, and the diamonds form thick layers beside these latter. This is the general formation; but some of the smaller islands are composed nearly altogether of diamond, in which the emerald prevails. There are agate, opaque topaz, ruby, and, indeed, diamonds of every hue; but one island, which he describes as being almost seventy miles long by fifteen wide, consists of an entirely pure emerald without any admixture of foreign substance. It was difficult to effect a landing on any of the group. At length some of the men succeeded; but the captain himself, satisfied with what he had seen, did not leave the vessel.

The men describe the interior of the island on which they landed as consisting almost entirely of mud, which is gradually coagulating under the heat of the sun. A curious thing was, that the brilliants were seen in the muddy quarters of the island, lying about like huge boulders—the smallest ones they saw being about 200 tons in weight, but there were numbers of others considerably larger. Of course there was no water or vegetation to be seen. The most curious effect the sight had on the men, both those in the vessel as well as those who visited the island, was that the extraordinary brilliancy sickened their stomach, and vomiting, followed by a copious discharge from the bowels, was the consequence. All efforts to detach portions of the diamond rock proved abortive; and it was out of question to attempt removing any of the great brilliant boulders. They made an attempt to detach portions of rock by means of a crowbar and sledge, but it was so hard all efforts were useless, and, though they had powder enough on board, they had no implements with which to drill the holes for blasting. The captain would have proceeded on his voyage to Valparaiso; but the men mutinied and obliged him to put back to Panama. He afterward, with the consent of the crew, ran the vessel on shore on the northern coast of Columbia, and, telegraphing to the owners that she was lost, came on as far as Aspinwall, from which city he wrote to his brother in St. Louis. He desired his brother to come along at once, and bring with him the finest and best tempered implements for blasting purposes, and if possible, a quantity of nitro glycerine. The brother departed for New York immediately, but, before going, he communicated the secret to a confidential comrade, through whom the news leaked out only as late as yesterday evening. I am told that it has already reached the ears of a rich jeweler in this city, who is about to start an expedition which he proposes to carry on himself. It is more than probable that the crew of the abandoned vessel have anticipated him; and if they were lucky enough to keep their secret and fit out a small craft with whatever they required on board, are now quarrying the diamond archipelago.

P. S.—I forgot to state that the captain writes that the entire bottom of the sea seemed as if glittering with gems for at least five miles from the islands.—These will propably never be of use, for they must be huge rocks of diamond, and cannot be detached unless some better mode of blasting under water than that already practiced can be invented. I forgot also to add my conjecture that the reason the diamond rock is seen in its full purity arises from the fact that they were projected right forward from the very centre of the earth. What the captain calls white transparent flint rock is probably some formation not known as yet to geologists. This will be better understood as soon as the place is explored.

The Niagara of the West.

The Oregon *Statesman* gives the following description of the neighborhood of the splendid Shoshonee Falls, Idaho:

Snake river is the south fork of the Columbia, having the alternative name of Lewis river. The valley of the Snake lies along an almost direct line from the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, and in the early days it furnished the most practicable route overland to the Pacific. In its descent over the elevated plains of Idaho, about 400 miles from whence it takes its rise in the Rocky Mountains Snake river forms the great Shoshonee Falls. The river here runs through a narrow, rocky gorge, which widens and terminates abruptly in precipitous cliffs, the summit of which is about one hundred feet above the level of the rapids, and so steep that the traveler can descend at only one point—an old Indian trail, its numerous windings making it about a mile in length. Following this trail slowly and carefully, the tourist will in due time find himself standing upon the bank of the river on a level with the rapids and overlooking the falls. The width of the river at this point has been variously estimated; we thought it at least two hundred yards.

The rapids here form a series of cascades, ranging from thirty to sixty feet each in height, and just below them the river, in one unbroken mass, leaps two hundred and ten feet into the bottomless pit below. The course of the river at this point is almost due east and west; the contour of the falls is that of an irregular horse shoe, and their width, following the course of the water, is at least four hundred yards. Although the river is not quite as wide at this point as the Niagara river, the falls are higher and quite as beautiful. The most complete views of the falls, including the river above and below the rapids, cliffs and surrounding scenery, is obtained from Lookout Point. Lookout Point is a narrow cape of rocks projecting from the main bluff about three hundred yards lower down on the river than the fall, so narrow that two persons cannot walk abreast.

Standing upon this point, we will endeavor to name the prominent places of interest. The first object which attracts our attention is Eagle Rock, a perpendicular pillar of rock about one hundred feet in height, rising from the midst of the rapids fifty yards from the south bank of the river, and almost overhanging the main cataract. Upon the topmost peak of this rock an American eagle has built his eyrie, a fitting home for our national bird—long may he live to occupy his unique and romantic abode! Just above and about the centre of the cataract is Ballard Island, a small rocky island covered with cedar and juniper trees. Several smaller islands to the right and left of the large one, or Ballard Island add to the beauty and picturesqueness of the scene.

The Two Sentinels—two huge rocky pillars—are one on the north, the other on the south side, overlooking the falls, and reminding one of grim sentinels guarding their object. Lower down the river, and from a higher stand-point, one can obtain a fine panoramic view of the whole—the falls, the foaming rapids, Eagle Rock, the Two Sentinels, the huge pillars of perpetual spray arising from the the bottom and near the centre of the cataract, but extending as it rises to either side, and made beautiful by the many colored rainbows which shed a halo of glory upon the whole scene. Still lower down the river is Prospect Gulch. Several gentlemen of the party, actuated by the spirit of adventure, determined to attempt through the gulch to reach the river below the falls. They lowered themselves fifty feet on the rope down the perpendicular sides of a rocky cliff. Reaching firm ground, they managed with but little difficulty to scramble down about five hundred feet to the banks of the river. Arriving there they found that their troubles had just begun; they were six hundred yards from the falls, to reach which their path lay around and over some huge boulders of slippery rock, winding along the foot of the steep banks, and then through the foaming and boiling waters, the heavy swells of which reminded them strikingly of the breakers on the sea shore. Finally they reached a point about thirty feet from the falls. Their journey here came to an abrupt termination by the shelving of the rocks into deep water. The wind struck this point with such violence that they feared to trust themselves in an erect posture. On their knees, they held with their hands to the overhanging brush to prevent being blown into the river.

We think that one cannot fully comprehend the immensity of the sheet of water and the sublimity of the scene, until he can gaze upward as we did. This point is the cave of the Winds. The Shoshonee Falls, as a whole, will compare favorably with Niagara. Those of our party who have seen both places pronounce the former superior in many respects. In beauty and mildness of scenery, the Shoshonee cannot be surpassed. Niagara excels in magnitude only.

The Story of a Popular Song.

W. W., in the *Stationer*, gives the following account of the singing of "Father Come Home," in one of the music halls in London: "Having reached the hall, we paid an admission fee of sixpence. There was a very neat stage, with gaudy drop-scene, side wings, and a tolerable good orchestra. In the stalls sat the chairman, to keep order over as motley an audience as ever was seen out of the gallery of the Victory Theatre. 'Costers' seemed to predominate. All appeared plentifully supplied with porter, and all were enjoying their pipes at such an extent as to make the place almost suffocating; for there must have been an audience of nearly five hundred. A nigger 'walk-round' was just being finished, and the shouts of 'encore!' whistling and stamping of feet made the hall perfectly bewildering. A name was announced from the chairman, which we could not catch, and amidst clapping of hands and stamping of feet there was a buzz of 'This is the Song!' The waiter called loudly 'Any more orders?' and these being taken and duly executed, all seemed to settle down quietly to listen to the song. There was the symphony, and another buzz of 'This is it!' and we began to feel anxious. Presently a female came in front of the curtain, amidst great applause, and commenced, 'Father, dear father,' &c. Every word was distinct, and she sang the ballad with great feeling. In order, however, to fully describe the scene which followed each verse, it is necessary to give 'little Mary's' song:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes One! (gong)
You promised, dear father, that you would come home
As soon as your day's work was done,
Our fire has gone out—our house is all dark,
And mother's been watching since tea,
With poor little Benny so sick in her arms,
And no one to help her but me.
Come home, come home, come home,
Please father, dear father, come home.'

"At the conclusion of the last line the drop scene drew up, disclosing the father sitting at the door of a public house, in a drunken, bemuddled state, with pipe and pot before him. Little Mary was trying to drag him from his seat, at the same time pointing to a curtain behind, as she took up the refrain from the lady, and touchingly sang, 'Come home,' &c. This other curtain was now drawn aside, disclosing a wretched room in which was the mother with the poor sickly looking boy in her lap, and in the act of feeding him with a spoon. Simultaneously with the drawing of the curtain the lime light was brought to bear upon the tableaux, giving them a truly startling effect. After a moment or two the act-drop came down, and the lady proceeded:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes two! (gong, gong,)
The night has grown colder, and Benny is worse,
But he has been calling for you.
Indeed he is worse, mother says he will die,
Perhaps before morning shall dawn,
And this was the message she sent me to bring—
Come quickly or he will be gone.
Come home, come home, come home,
Please father, dear father, come home.'

"The act drop rises again, and now the child has hold of the pewter pot, trying to take it from the drunken parent, and, as she continues the last two lines, 'Come home,' &c., the other curtain is drawn aside, and we next see the child stretched out on its mother's lap, and as it just raises its little head and falls back with a gasp, with the lime-light reflecting strongly upon it, there was a reality about the whole, terrible to view. Sobs were heard coming from all parts of the hall, coming from the female portion of the audience, while tears trickled down many a male cheek. We have seen 'Susan Hopley,' 'The Stranger,' 'Jane Shore,' 'East Lynn' and other effective pieces played, but never before did we witness such a scene of general crying. The principal feature called to mind the picture of the 'Sister of Mercy,' with the dying child in her lap, and the death was fearfully natural. Even the lady who sang the song was affected, and could scarcely proceed with the third verse:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes Three!
(gong, gong, gong,)
The house is so lonely the hours are so long,
For poor weeping mother and me.
Yes, we are alone—poor Benny is dead,
And gone with the angels of light!
And these are the very last words that he said—
'I want to kiss papa good night.'
Come home, come home, come home,
Please, father, dear father, come home.'

"Again the drop rose, disclosing little Mary on her knees appealing to her father, who, with pot elevated, is in the act of striking her with it, as she sings 'come home,' and then the back curtain draws aside, showing the mother praying over a child's coffin. But now the sobs burst more freely, and two females were carried out fainting. The scene was truly harrowing, and we gladly turned our eyes away.

"An additional verse was sung about 'Poor Benny' being with the angels above. The drop rose; the father, sober now, is weeping over the coffin with the mother, and little Mary on her knees singing, 'Home, home, father, dear father's come home!' At this moment the curtain is drawn aside, and little Benny is suspended over the coffin with wings, smiling down upon them and pointing upwards. The father falls forward on his face, the act-drop descends, and for a few minutes all is hushed save the sobs of the females.

"There!' said a workingman by our side, as he heaved a sigh of relief, 'Mr. Spurgeon never preached a better sermon than that!'—an expression to which we assented, and then left the hall."

Chinese Street Jugglers.

A letter from China to the Chicago *Tribune*, says:

Street jugglers and mountebanks abound in Canton, and in fact in every Chinese city. They also travel from place to place throughout the country, displaying their feats and picking up a little cash here and there. As a general thing their juggling feats do not amount to a great deal, yet some of them are very clever, and would create fully as much of a theatrical *furore* in the United States as did the Japanese performers. Sword-swallowing and stone eating appear to be the commonest feats, and operators of this description can be seen in almost every street. One fellow, however, performed a number of feats in front of our hotel which demand from me a passing notice. He stationed himself in the centre of the street, and having blown a blast upon a bugle to give warning that he was about to begin his entertainment, he took a small lemon or orange tree, which was covered with fruit, and balanced it upon his head. He then blew a sort of a chirruping whistle, when immediately a number of rice birds came from every direction and settled upon the boughs of the bush he balanced or fluttered about his head. He then took a cup in his hand and began to rattle some seeds in it, when the birds disappeared. Taking a small bamboo tube, he next took the seeds, and, putting one in it, blew it at one of the fruit, when it opened, and out flew one of the birds, which fluttered above the circle surrounding the performer. He continued to shoot his seeds at the oranges until nearly a dozen birds were released. He then removed the tree from his forehead, and, setting it down, took up a dish, which he held above his head, when all the birds flew into it, then covering it with a cover, and giving it a whirl or two about his head, opened and displayed a quantity of eggs, the shells of which he broke with a little stick, releasing a bird from each shell. The trick was neatly performed, and defied detection from my eyes. The next trick was equally clever and difficult of detection. Borrowing a handkerchief from one of his spectators, he took an orange, cut a small hole in it, then squeezed all the juice out and crammed the handkerchief into it. Giving the handkerchief to a bystander to hold, he caught up a teapot and began to pour a cup of tea from it when the spout became clogged. Looking into the pot, apparently for the purpose of detecting what was the matter, he pulled out the handkerchief and returned it to the owner. He next took the orange from the bystander and cut it open, when it was found to be full of rice. He performed a number of very pleasing feats, but I have given enough to satisfy the reader that they are equally as expert as the Japanese.

Passing Away.

An exchange beautifully treats this subject as follows: It is astonishing with what rapidity time passes away; how the days, the weeks, months, and the years roll round, carrying with them the life, the beauty and the hopes of the world into a vast and unknown future. It seems but a short time, indeed, since we all felt and enjoyed the springs and buoyancy of youth, the delight of home, the influences of paternal love, the society and counsel of friends, who now sleep in the grave; and yet some of us are aged and the majority have attained to mature manhood. The young, of the present generation, are growing up around us, but in our youth we knew them not. While we have been passing on, in the direction of the grave, they have sprung up to occupy our places and follow rapidly in the rear. Before us we see the aged tottering along in their feebleness and leaning upon their staves, behind us is the youth flushed with promises and the infant prattling in its mother's arms. That circle has been kept up, unbroken, until time is lost in eternity. Our life is a moving panorama—the pictures on the canvass pass before our eyes, delighting us for a moment, but each containing a solemn lesson and warning. He is but an indifferent observer who does not study himself. There is the ocean, the lake, the river, the mountain, and the vale; the one swells in its majestic grandeur and murmurs its defiant tones, which are heard upon either shore; the other rests like a calm mirror, reflecting the light of the millions of stars that sparkle in the blue concave; the river dashes on its way to the sea; the mountain lifts its head among the clouds and casts its frowning shadows into the vale below; the vale echoes to the songs of its birds, the hum of human voices, the lowing of herds, while here and there is the busy town, with its active life, its ceaseless commotions, its impetuous struggles, its attractive homes, and the spires of its churches pointing toward heaven. The bell rings, and the picture passes away from our sight to be seen no more. Thus it is with human life. It is an association of objects, interests, attractions and beauties which burst upon our sight, perform their mission, and accomplish their purposes, and are then lost to sight. The bell tolls, the canvass moves, the lights are put out, the vision is lost in darkness, silence reigns, the curtain drops, and all is ended in the sleep, the forgetfulness and the inscrutability of the grave.

A GOLDEN THOUGHT.—We know not the author of the following, but it is one of the most beautiful productions of the human mind we have ever read: "Nature will be reported. All things are engaged in writing their own history. The plant and the pebble go attended by their own shadows. The rock leaves its scratches on the mountain side, the river its bed in the soil; the animal leaves its bones in the stratum, the fern and the leaf their modest epitaph in the coal, the falling drop makes its sepulchre in the sand or stone. Not a footstep in the snow or along the ground but prints in characters more or less lasting a map of its march.—Every act of man inscribes its memories on its fellows and his own face. The air is full of sound, the sky of tokens; the ground is all memoranda, signatures, and every object is covered over with hints which speak to the intelligent."

THERE is a Gaelic preverb which says that if the best man's faults were written on his forehead it would make him pull his hat over his eyes.

Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher.

VOLUME 2. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1868. NUMBER 43.

The Cambria Freeman

WILL BE PUBLISHED

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa.

At the following rates, payable within three months from dte of subscribing:

One copy, one year, - - - - -	$2 00
One copy, six months, - - - -	1 00
One copy, three months, - - - -	50

Those who fail to pay their subscriptions until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of $2.50 per year, and those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty five, six months; and fifty numbers, one year.

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One square, 12 lines, one insertion,	$1 00
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Auditor's Notices, each,	2 00
Administrator' Notices, each,	2 50
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Estray Notices, each	1 50

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1 square, 12 lines,	$ 2 50	$ 4 00	$ 6 00
2 squares, 24 lines,	5 00	8 00	12 00
3 squares, 36 lines,	7 00	10 00	15 00
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Half column,	14 00	25 00	35 00
One Column,	25 00	35 00	60 00

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Resolutions of Societies, or communications of a personal nature must be paid for as advertisements.

JOB PRINTING.

We have made arrangements by which we can do or have done all kinds of plain and fancy Job Printing, such as Books, Pamphets, Show Cards, Bill and Letter Heads, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the best style of the art and at the most moderate prices. Also, all kinds of Ruling, Blank Books, Book Binding, &c., executed to order as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

M. L. OATMAN,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

CONSISTING OF

Double Extra Family Flour,

GRAIN, FEED,

BACON, SALT, FISH,

FRESH VEGETABLES,

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS,

SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.

Also, a large stock of the

Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco.

STORE ON HIGH STREET,

Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,

Ebensburg, Pa.

SECURE THE SHADOW ERE *THE SUBSTANCE FADES!*

SPENCE'S NEW

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

Is now in perfect order for executing Pictures in every style of the art. Photographs of life like accuracy, ranging from the smallest card picture to the largest size for framing, taken in any weather, and warranted to give satisfaction. Particular attention paid to children's pictures Frames of all kinds for sale cheap. Frames of any kind not on hand will be ordered when desired Instructions in the art on liberal terms.

☞Gallery on Julian street, 3 doors north of Town Hall. T. T. SPENCE.

Ebensburg, Oct. 8, 1868. Photographer.

New Firm---New Goods.

THE undersigned, having given his son, J. E. Shields, an interest in his store, the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of P. H. Shields & Co., and as we are determined to sell Goods cheap for cash, or exchange for grain, lumber or produce, we hope by strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage from a generous public.

Having determined to settle up my old books of thirty years standing, I now ask those indebted to me to come forward and make settlement on or before the 1st day of December, 1868. P. H. SHIELDS.

Loretto, Oct. 15, 1868.-tf.

JOHN CROUSE,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS.

BEST BRANDS OF BRANDY, WHISKY, IRISH WHISKY, GIN, &c., &c.

The very best qualities of Liquors, Wines, &c., for Medical purposes. Prices LOW.

☞Hotel and Saloon keepers will do well to give me a call at my store on Canal street, in building formerly occupied by T. G. Stewart & Co. Johnstown, Aug. 27, 1868. tf.

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.

GAY & WELSH,

Successors to Gay & Painter,

WHOLESALE

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c..

362 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH.

L. L. LANGSTROTH'S

PATENT MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE!

PRONOUNCED THE BEST EVER YET introduced in this County or State. Any person buying a family right can have their Bees transferred from an old box to a new one. In every instance in which this has been done the result has been entirely satisfactory, and the first take of honey has invariably paid all expenses, and frequently exceeded them. Proof of the superior merits of this invention will be found in the testimony of every man who has given it a trial, and among the number are the gentlemen named below, and their experience should induce every one interested in Bees to

BUY A FAMILY RIGHT!

Henry C. Kirkpatrick, of Carroll township, took 106 pounds of surplus honey from two hives, which he sold at 35 cents per pound.

Adam Deitrich, of Carroll township, took from two hives 100 pounds of surplus honey.

James Kirkpatrick, of Chest township, took 60 pounds of surplus honey from one hive.

Jacob Kirkpatrick, of Chest township, obtained 72 pounds of surplus honey from one hive, worth not less than $21, and the right cost him only $5.

Peter Campbell from one hive obtained 36 pounds of surplus honey at one time.

☞Quite a number of similar statements, authenticated by some of the best citizens of Cambria county, could be obtained in proof of the superior merits of Langstroth's Patent Movable Comb Bee Hive.

Persons wishing to purchase family rights should call on or address

PETER CAMPBELL,

Nov. 5, 1868 tf. Carrolltown, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises in Susquehanna township, on SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate of which Henry Lloyd, late of Susquehanna twp., died seized: A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Lloyd & Cleaver, Uriah Lloyd, Abraham Kerns, heirs of Richard Nagle, and others, containing 131 ACRES and 156 PERCHES, about 50 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a half story Frame House.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser.

AUGUSTINE CRAVER,

Administrator of Henry Lloyd, dec'd.

Susquehanna Tp., Nov 5, 1868.-4t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the house of Lawrence Schroth, in Carrolltown, on FRIDAY, the 4th day of December next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described valuable Real Estate, to wit: The one undivided four fifths of that certain PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Adam Lieb, —— Sheriff, Michael Farabaugh and Peter Swinger, containing 77 ACRES and 89 PERCHES, more or less, about 20 Acres of which are cleared

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year thereafter, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bond of the purchaser.

JOSEPH A. KRUMENACHER,

Guardian of Margaret Lynch, (formerly Margaret Haynes), Cath rine Haynes, Celestine Haynes and Jacob Haynes. [Nov.12-3t.

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale the FARM on which they now reside, situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, within two miles of Loretto, (formerly owned by James McAteer,) containing ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN ACRES, more or less, 100 Acres of which are cleared—the balance well timbered. There is erected on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE and splendid BARN, together with other necessary outbuildings, such as Blacksmith Shop, Corn Crib, Sheep House, &c.; also, an excellent ORCHARD of choice fruit. Title perfect. For terms apply on the premises to

B. & C. SHIELDS.

Loretto P. O., Aug. 20, 1868.-tf.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT REMOVED.—The subscriber would respectfully announce to his customers and the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity generally, that he has removed to the new building on Centre street, opposite the Mountain House and adjoining the law office of Geo. M Reade, Esq., and is now not only prepared to manufacture all goods which may be brought to him but is supplied with a fine line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., which he will make to order in the best style and at the lowest prices. Feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction, I hope for an increased patronage in my new location. D. J. EVANS.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD AND BLOCK TIN PIPE,

SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Plumbers', Gas and Steam Fitters' Materials,

No. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞Send for a Price List [nov.19.-3m.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration CUM TESTAMENTO ANNEXO on the estate of Thomas Durbin, late of Clearfield township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN DURBIN, Administrator.

Clearfield Tp., Oct 22, 1868.-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Catharine Otterson, late of Summitville borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Nov.5-6t. JAMES BROWN, Adm'r.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of John Fitzpatrick, late of Summerhill township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Administrator.

Ebensburg, Oct. 29, 1868.-6t.

Original Poetry.

CHILDHOOD'S YEARS.

DEDICATED TO HER SISTER MAGGIE BY L. P. E.

Oh! vanished years of childhood,
How ye haunt my pensive hours,
As again in mem'ry I roam the wildwood
To gather Spring's first flowers:
Or ramble where the voice of vernal gales
O'er the soft green meadow blows,
And stray where the stream thro' even vales
Softly murmurs as it onward flows.

Again I cull the woodland flowers,
And twine a wreath, sister dear, for thee,
As oft I've done in childhood's hours—
Those hours of thoughtless glee—
When joy from out the violet grew,
In woods and pastures green:
When Summer skies were far more blue
Than since they e'er have been.

I see again the garden shade,
Where, in the Summer days we played:
Where brother Tom our houses made
Of moss we gathered in the glade.

I see the swing 'neath the beach trees,
The "cottage shelter" for the bees,
I see them all, and beyond these
A something DEARER still.
I see an eye serenely blue,
A cheek of girlhood's freshest hue:
A buoyant heart, a spirit true
Alike in good and ill.

Dear sister, thou wert all to me,
And I sufficient friend for thee:
Where was there a happier twain than we
With brother by our side?
Like the sweet flowers of early May,
Our pleasures 'round about us lay.
Oh! a happy morning had life's day,
What e'er its eve betide.

Again, to-day our evening prayer,
At a fond mother's side we knel;
Her gentle voice methinks I hear—
That voice, how all our griefs 'twould heal.

Oh! who is there but would be fain
To be a child once more,
If childhood's years could bring again
All that they brought before.
And oft amid the sordid strife
Of worldly wisdom do I turn
To those early years, and scenes of life,
And for our joyous childhood yearn.
Yes, oft I wish, 'mid care and pain,
To be a happy child again.

ELIZABETH, PA., November, 1868.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

A WONDERFUL PHENOMENON.

ISLANDS OF PURE GEMS THROWN UP FROM THE BED OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN BY THE LATE EARTHQUAKE.

To the Editor of the St. Louis Times:

One of the most extraordinary stories ever read or written has since a late hour last night been gaining ground in certain quiet quarters of the city. It is so marvelous that one could scarcely believe it to be anything but the chimera of a madman's brain, if it were not confirmed by scientific facts, and by a vast number of the theories of modern philosophy. It is difficult to determine what amount of credibility we should attach to it, and it is best to let every man who reads the following paragraphs judge for himself. It will be remembered that the late catastrophe in South America occurred simultaneously with an extraordinary eclipse of the sun, which astronomers affirm has not occurred before for two thousand years and will not occur again for two thousand years to come.

No event of equal magnitude to the late earthquake in South America has occurred since the days of Herculaneum and Pompeii; but the convulsion which overwhelmed those two cities was nearly local (so far as is known), and of scarcely any extent compared to the late catastrophe, which shook the entire continent of America, from the river Sacramento to Cape Horn, and which must have been felt with a thousand times more terrific force out in the wide Pacific. It must be borne in mind that geologists affirm that the crust of the earth in that quarter of the globe is much thinner than at others; and some of them even go so far as to say that the bed of the Pacific is formed of a submerged continent. At all events, the great majority of the islands of the Pacific archipelago are of volcanic formation, and navigators have been known to discover islands in these latitudes which they knew from their previous experience not to have existed some years before. It is now an established fact that the entire center of the earth is filled with a boiling ocean of liquid fire, which horrible and enormous masses are liable to the same changes of ebb and flow as the mighty mass of waters on the outside crust of our globe. This horrible reservoir has been described by Sir Charles Lycle and other profound thinkers as the great furnace of nature, wherein are smelted all the metals,—gold, silver, lead, iron, platina, &c.,—and which are afterward pushed up to the surface by the volcanic action of the seething ocean beneath. It is here also that are produced the beautiful diamonds and crystalized stones, for it is now known that they owe the form and brilliancy they possess simply to the fact that they have been exposed to the high temperature which exists in the center of the earth. We could make diamonds out of charcoal, could we reach the proper degree of heat; but that can, perhaps, never be reached by any artificial means at the command of man. As we said above the ocean of liquid fire is subject to tidal motion, and it is to this fact must be attributed the fearful events that have desolated South America. The eclipse in the East Indies, where the sun and moon were in direct conjunction, must have created a stronger tidal current than has existed for two thousand years; and this current, rushing back with accelerated velocity, shook the crust of the earth in the western hemisphere (just as a wave of the ocean would shake the sides of an old oaken vessel) and vomited up to the surface the seething masses of matter which had been agitated in its bosom for thousands of years. These masses, on coming in contact with lower temperature, instantly crystalized just as water crystalizes into ice in winter time.

The captain of a vessel, trading between San Francisco and Valparaiso, describes what he witnessed in the Pacific ocean, but in what latitude he keeps a secret to himself. This captain has, or rather had, a brother boarding in a house on North Fourth street, and it is a letter which he wrote to his brother that has given occasion to the rumors that are whispered about in that quarter of the city. The substance of the letter, as it has reached us, is mainly as follows:

When nearly half way on the voyage, and at the time the earthquake took place, a fearful phenomenon presented itself.—The ocean became convulsed to its highest depths, and a terrible wave was swept along so high that, as the captain humorously said, he thought it would have landed him in the city of Quito. The seamen were terribly frightened, but the vessel was to rights again in less than ten minutes. The affair was a mere joke among the men, for they fancied it was one of the high tidal waves which are common in the Pacific. They continued their voyage, but towards midnight were alarmed by an extraordinary light which appeared in the heavens, and was first noticed on the larboard side, and which the ignorant and superstitious attributed to supernatural causes. The captain, who seems to be an intelligent and courageous man, steered his vessel right in the direction of the light, and just before sunrise a sight, of magnificence—such as no human eye has ever rested on—met his gaze. It was no less than a group of islands formed of huge masses of solid diamond of every color, and, in some places, of the purest brilliancy. The sailors fell into ecstasies, and one man, a half breed from the Sandwich Islands, lost his senses so far that he would have thrown himself overboard if he had not been tied down. They sailed among the group the entire day, and found it to consist, on a rough calculation, of from 12 to 20 in number; but the exact number, or their relative size, there was no time to ascertain. They consist of a large, white flint rocks of crystalized shape (some places nearly transparent) which rise to a height of about 150 feet from the water. Thick layers of various metals are imbedded into them, and the diamonds form thick layers beside these latter. This is the general formation; but some of the smaller islands are composed nearly altogether of diamond, in which the emerald prevails. There are agate, opaque topaz, ruby, and, indeed, diamonds of every hue; but one island, which he describes as being almost seventy miles long by fifteen wide, consists of an entirely pure emerald without any admixture of foreign substance. It was difficult to effect a landing on any of the group. At length some of the men succeeded; but the captain himself, satisfied with what he had seen, did not leave the vessel.

The men describe the interior of the island on which they landed as consisting almost entirely of mud, which is gradually coagulating under the heat of the sun. A curious thing was, that the brilliants were seen in the muddy quarters of the island, lying about like huge boulders—the smallest ones they saw being about 200 tons in weight, but there were numbers of others considerably larger. Of course there was no water or vegetation to be seen. The most curious effect the sight had on the men, both those in the vessel as well as those who visited the island, was that the extraordinary brilliancy sickened their stomach, and vomiting, followed by a copious discharge from the bowels, was the consequence. All efforts to detach portions of the diamond rock proved abortive; and it was out of question to attempt removing any of the great brilliant boulders. They made an attempt to detach portions of rock by means of a crowbar and sledge, but it was so hard all efforts were useless, and, though they had powder enough on board, they had no implements with which to drill the holes for blasting. The captain would have proceeded on his voyage to Valparaiso; but the men mutinied and obliged him to put back to Panama. He afterward, with the consent of the crew, ran the vessel on shore on the northern coast of Columbia, and, telegraphing to the owners that she was lost, came on as far as Aspinwall, from which city he wrote to his brother in St. Louis. He desired his brother to come along at once, and bring with him the finest and best tempered implements for blasting purposes, and if possible, a quantity of nitro glycerine. The brother departed for New York immediately, but, before going, he communicated the secret to a confidential comrade, through whom the news leaked out only as late as yesterday evening. I am told that it has already reached the ears of a rich jeweler in this city, who is about to start an expedition which he proposes to carry on himself. It is more than probable that the crew of the abandoned vessel have anticipated him; and if they were lucky enough to keep their secret and fit out a small craft with whatever they required on board, are now quarrying the diamond archipelago.

P. S.—I forgot to state that the captain writes that the entire bottom of the sea seemed as if glittering with gems for at least five miles from the islands.—These will propably never be of use, for they must be huge rocks of diamond, and cannot be detached unless some better mode of blasting under water than that already practiced can be invented. I forgot also to add my conjecture that the reason the diamond rock is seen in its full purity arises from the fact that they were projected right forward from the very centre of the earth. What the captain calls white transparent flint rock is probably some formation not known as yet to geologists. This will be better understood as soon as the place is explored.

The Niagara of the West.

The Oregon *Statesman* gives the following description of the neighborhood of the splendid Shoshonee Falls, Idaho:

Snake river is the south fork of the Columbia, having the alternative name of Lewis river. The valley of the Snake lies along an almost direct line from the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, and in the early days it furnished the most practicable route overland to the Pacific. In its descent over the elevated plains of Idaho, about 400 miles from whence it takes its rise in the Rocky Mountains Snake river forms the great Shoshonee Falls. The river here runs through a narrow, rocky gorge, which widens and terminates abruptly in precipitous cliffs, the summit of which is about one hundred feet above the level of the rapids, and so steep that the traveler can descend at only one point—an old Indian trail, its numerous windings making it about a mile in length. Following this trail slowly and carefully, the tourist will in due time find himself standing upon the bank of the river on a level with the rapids and overlooking the falls. The width of the river at this point has been variously estimated; we thought it at least two hundred yards.

The rapids here form a series of cascades, ranging from thirty to sixty feet each in height, and just below them the river, in one unbroken mass, leaps two hundred and ten feet into the bottomless pit below. The course of the river at this point is almost due east and west; the contour of the falls is that of an irregular horse shoe, and their width, following the course of the water, is at least four hundred yards. Although the river is not quite as wide at this point as the Niagara river, the falls are higher and quite as beautiful. The most complete views of the falls, including the river above and below the rapids, cliffs and surrounding scenery, is obtained from Lookout Point. Lookout Point is a narrow cape of rocks projecting from the main bluff about three hundred yards lower down on the river than the fall, so narrow that two persons cannot walk abreast.

Standing upon this point, we will endeavor to name the prominent places of interest. The first object which attracts our attention is Eagle Rock, a perpendicular pillar of rock about one hundred feet in height, rising from the midst of the rapids fifty yards from the south bank of the river, and almost overhanging the main cataract. Upon the topmost peak of this rock an American eagle has built his eyrie, a fitting home for our national bird—long may he live to occupy his unique and romantic abode! Just above and about the centre of the cataract is Ballard Island, a small rocky island covered with cedar and juniper trees. Several smaller islands to the right and left of the large one, or Ballard Island add to the beauty and picturesqueness of the scene.

The Two Sentinels—two huge rocky pillars—are one on the north, the other on the south side, overlooking the falls, and reminding one of grim sentinels guarding their object. Lower down the river, and from a higher stand-point, one can obtain a fine panoramic view of the whole—the falls, the foaming rapids, Eagle Rock, the Two Sentinels, the huge pillars of perpetual spray arising from the the bottom and near the centre of the cataract, but extending as it rises to either side, and made beautiful by the many colored rainbows which shed a halo of glory upon the whole scene. Still lower down the river is Prospect Gulch. Several gentlemen of the party, actuated by the spirit of adventure, determined to attempt through the gulch to reach the river below the falls. They lowered themselves fifty feet on the rope down the perpendicular sides of a rocky cliff. Reaching firm ground, they managed with but little difficulty to scramble down about five hundred feet to the banks of the river. Arriving there they found that their troubles had just begun; they were six hundred yards from the falls, to reach which their path lay around and over some huge boulders of slippery rock, winding along the foot of the steep banks, and then through the foaming and boiling waters, the heavy swells of which reminded them strikingly of the breakers on the sea shore. Finally they reached a point about thirty feet from the falls. Their journey here came to an abrupt termination by the shelving of the rocks into deep water. The wind struck this point with such violence that they feared to trust themselves in an erect posture. On their knees, they held with their hands to the overhanging brush to prevent being blown into the river.

We think that one cannot fully comprehend the immensity of the sheet of water and the sublimity of the scene, until he can gaze upward as we did. This point is the cave of the Winds. The Shoshonee Falls, as a whole, will compare favorably with Niagara. Those of our party who have seen both places pronounce the former superior in many respects. In beauty and mildness of scenery, the Shoshonee cannot be surpassed. Niagara excels in magnitude only.

The Story of a Popular Song.

W. W., in the *Stationer*, gives the following account of the singing of "Father Come Home," in one of the music halls in London: "Having reached the hall, we paid an admission fee of sixpence. There was a very neat stage, with gaudy drop-scene, side wings, and a tolerable good orchestra. In the stalls sat the chairman, to keep order over as motley an audience as ever was seen out of the gallery of the Victory Theatre. 'Costers' seemed to predominate. All appeared plentifully supplied with porter, and all were enjoying their pipes at such an extent as to make the place almost suffocating; for there must have been an audience of nearly five hundred. A nigger 'walk-round' was just being finished, and the shouts of 'encore!' whistling and stamping of feet made the hall perfectly bewildering. A name was announced from the chairman, which we could not catch, and amidst clapping of hands and stamping of feet there was a buzz of 'This is the Song!' The waiter called loudly 'Any more orders?' and these being taken and duly executed, all seemed to settle down quietly to listen to the song. There was the symphony, and another buzz of 'This is it!' and we began to feel anxious. Presently a female came in front of the curtain, amidst great applause, and commenced, 'Father, dear father,' &c. Every word was distinct, and she sang the ballad with great feeling. In order, however, to fully describe the scene which followed each verse, it is necessary to give 'little Mary's' song:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes One! (gong.)
You promised, dear father, that you would come home
As soon as your day's work was done,
Our fire has gone out—our house is all dark,
And mother's been watching since tea,
With poor little Benny so sick in her arms,
And no one to help her but me.
Come home, come home, come home,
Please father, dear father, come home.'

"At the conclusion of the last line the drop scene drew up, disclosing the father sitting at the door of a public house, in a drunken, bemuddled state, with pipe and pot before him. Little Mary was trying to drag him from his seat, at the same time pointing to a curtain behind, as she took up the refrain from the lady, and touchingly sang, 'Come home,' &c. This other curtain was now drawn aside, disclosing a wretched room in which was the mother with the poor sickly looking boy in her lap, and in the act of feeding him with a spoon. Simultaneously with the drawing of the curtain the lime light was brought to bear upon the tableaux, giving them a truly startling effect. After a moment or two the act-drop came down, and the lady proceeded:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes two! (gong, gong.)
The night has grown colder, and Benny is worse,
But he has been calling for you.
Indeed he is worse, mother says he will die,
Perhaps before morning shall dawn,
And this was the message she sent me to bring—
Come quickly or he will be gone.
Come home, come home, come home,
Please father, dear father, come home.'

"The act drop rises again, and now the child has hold of the pewter pot, trying to take it from the drunken parent, and, as she continues the last two lines, 'Come home,' &c., the other curtain is drawn aside, and we next see the child stretched out on its mother's lap, and as it just raises its little head and falls back with a gasp, with the lime-light reflecting strongly upon it, there was a reality about the whole, terrible to view. Sobs were heard coming from all parts of the hall, coming from the female portion of the audience, while tears trickled down many a male cheek. We have seen 'Susan Hopley,' 'The Stranger,' 'Jane Shore,' 'East Lynn' and other effective pieces played, but never before did we witness such a scene of general crying. The principal feature called to mind the picture of the 'Sister of Mercy,' with the dying child in her lap, and the death was fearfully natural. Even the lady who sang the song was affected, and could scarcely proceed with the third verse:

"'Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes Three!
(gong, gong, gong.)
The house is so lonely the hours are so long,
For poor we ping mother and me.
Yes, we are alone—poor Benny is dead,
And gone with the angels of light!
And these are the very last words that he said—
'I want to kiss papa good night"
Come home, come home, come home,
Please, father, dear father, come home.'

"Again the drop rose, disclosing little Mary on her knees appealing to her father, who, with pot elevated, is in the act of striking her with it, as she sings 'come home,' and then the back curtain draws aside, showing the mother praying over a child's coffin. But now the sobs burst more freely, and two females were carried out fainting. The scene was truly harrowing, and we gladly turned our eyes away.

"An additional verse was sung about 'Poor Benny' being with the angels above. The drop rose; the father, sober now, is weeping over the coffin with the mother, and little Mary on her knees singing, 'Home, home, father, dear father's come home!' At this moment the curtain is drawn aside, and little Benny is suspended over the coffin with wings, smiling down upon them and pointing upwards. The father falls forward on his face, the act-drop descends, and for a few minutes all is hushed save the sobs of the females.

"There!' said a workingman by our side, as he heaved a sigh of relief, 'Mr. Spurgeon never preached a better sermon than that!'—an expression to which we assented, and then left the hall."

Chinese Street Jugglers.

A letter from China to the Chicago *Tribune*, says:

Street jugglers and mountebanks abound in Canton, and in fact in every Chinese city. They also travel from place to place through out the country, displaying their feats and picking up a little cash here and there. As a general thing their jugghing feats do not amount to a great deal, yet some of them are very clever, and would create fully as much of a theatrical *furore* in the United States as did the Japanese performers. Sword-swallowing and stone eating appear to be the commonest feats, and operators of this description can be seen in almost every street. One fellow, however, performed a number of feats in front of our hotel which demand from me a passing notice. He stationed himself in the centre of the street, and having blown a blast upon a bugle to give warning that he was about to begin his entertainment, he took a small lemon or orange tree, which was covered with fruit, and balanced it upon his head. He then blew a sort of a chirrupig whistle, when immediately a number of rice birds came from every direction and settled upon the boughs of the bush he balanced or fluttered about his head. He then took a cup in his hand and began to rattle some seeds in it, when the birds disappeared. Taking a small bamboo tube, he next took the seeds, and, putting one in it, blew it at one of the fruit, when it opened, and out flew one of the birds, which fluttered above the circle surrounding the performer. He continued to shoot his seeds at the oranges until nearly a dozen birds were released. He then removed the tree from his forehead, and, setting it down, took up a dish, which he held above his head, when all the birds flew into it, then covering it with a cover, and giving it a whirl or two about his head, opened and displayed a quantity of eggs, the shells of which he broke with a little stick, releasing a bird from each shell. The trick was neatly performed, and defied detection from my eyes. The next trick was equally clever and difficult of detection. Borrowing a handkerchief from one of his spectators, he took an orange, cut a small hole in it, then squeezed all the juice out and crammed the handkerchief into it. Giving the handkerchief to a bystander to hold, he caught up a teapot and began to pour a cup of tea from it when the spout became clogged. Looking into the pot, apparently for the purpose of detecting what was the matter, he pulled out the handkerchief and returned it to the owner. He next took the orange from the bystander and cut it open, when it was found to be full of rice. He performed a number of very pleasing feats, but I have given enough to satisfy the reader that they are equally as expert as the Japanese.

Passing Away.

An exchange beautifully treats this subject as follows: It is astonishing with what rapidity time passes away; how the days, the weeks, months, and the years roll round, carrying with them the life, the beauty and the hopes of the world into a vast and unknown future. It seems but a short time, indeed, since we all felt and enjoyed the springs and buoyancy of youth, the delight of home, the influences of paternal love, the society and counsel of friends, who now sleep in the grave; and yet some of us are aged and the majority have attained to mature manhood. The young, of the present generation, are growing up around us, but in our youth we knew them not. While we have been passing on, in the direction of the grave, they have sprung up to occupy our places and follow rapidly in the rear. Before us we see the aged tottering along in their feebleness and leaning upon their staves, behind us is the youth flushed with promises and the infant prattling in its mother's arms. That circle has been kept up, unbroken, until time is lost in eternity. Our life is a moving panorama—the pictures on the canvass pass before our eyes, delighting us for a moment, but each containing a solemn lesson and warning. He is but an indifferent observer who does not study himself. There is the ocean, the lake, the river, the mountain, and the vale; the one swells in its majestic grandeur and murmurs its defiant tones, which are heard upon either shore; the other rests like a calm mirror, reflecting the light of the millions of stars that sparkle in the blue concave; the river dashes on its way to the sea; the mountain lifts its head among the clouds and casts its frowning shadows into the vale below; the vale echoes to the songs of its birds, the hum of human voices, the lowing of herds, while here and there is the busy town, with its active life, its ceaseless commotions, its impetuous struggles, its attractive homes, and the spires of its churches pointing toward heaven. The bell rings, and the picture passes away from our sight to be seen no more. Thus it is with human life. It is an association of objects, interests, attractions and beauties which burst upon our sight, perform their mission, and accomplish their purposes, and are then lost to sight. The bell tolls, the canvass moves, the lights are put out, the vision is lost in darkness, silence reigns, the curtain drops, and all is ended in the sleep, the forgetfulness and the insensibility of the grave.

A GOLDEN THOUGHT.—We know not the author of the following, but it is one of the most beautiful productions of the human mind we have ever read: "Nature will be reported. All things are engaged in writing their own history. The plant and the pebble go attended by their own shadows. The rock leaves its scratches on the mountain side, the river its bed in the soil; the animal leaves its bones in the stratum, the fern and the leaf their modest epitaph in the coal, the falling drop makes its sepulchre in the sand or stone. Not a footstep in the snow or along the ground but prints in characters more or less lasting a map of its march.—Every act of man inscribes its memories on its fellows and his own face. The air is full of sound, the sky of tokens; the ground is all memoranda, signatures, and every object is covered over with hints which speak to the intelligent."

THERE is a Gaelic preverb which says that if the best man's faults were written on his forehead it would make him pull his hat over his eyes.

THE FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
THURSDAY, : : : : : NOV. 26, 1868.

THE ALLEGHANIAN.

IT ENVIES US—IT SCOFFS AT OUR YEARS—IT PLAGIARISES UPON US—JUSTICE TO THE POET.

Not in the character of a partisan, but under a determination to make the *Freeman* an impartial chronicler of passing events, we gave a full, fair and impartial history of the recent "Grand Radical Jubilee." Our reporters upon that interesting and memorable occasion entered fully into its spirit, and in the whole report not an unkind word, or even insinuation, is to be found. It met the approbation of our readers, "without distinction of party," for "to the pure all things are pure." Even our generous rival of the Johnstown *Tribune*, ignoring the account of it given by the *Alleghanian*, refers to our report and says of it, "which the *Freeman* hints was one of the finest displays of the kind, if not the very finest, ever witnessed in the ancient village."

Not so the *Alleghanian*! It might have copied our article and thus given itself an ephemeral importance; but instead of this, it gave a slighting and incorrect notice of the Jubilee, stating, among other things, that every Republican house was illuminated—thus reading out of the party some dozen Republicans who declined to illuminate.

But, besides this, the said *Alleghanian*, "greatly envying the happy state and condition" of the *Freeman*, "and wickedly and maliciously intending to injure" the said *Freeman*, attacks not the *Freeman*, which would be fair, but its editor, which is not fair.

Now all this was nothing new to us. We are not conscious of ever having referred to the antecedents of the *publishers* of the *Alleghanian*; yet its readers have been duly informed of what we have been and are—how and where we worship—that we are a "good" lawyer, and an unscrupulous lawyer—both of which opinions were about equally damaging—with other personal matters concerning ourself which that delectable sheet seems to think its patrons ought to know.

In the article in question, however, the editors, more modest, charge us only with old age and bartering our "principle for the bread of place and power." Lest we might do injustice, we give the *Alleghanian* article the benefit of our circulation:

THE report of the "Grand Radical Jubilee" in last week's FREEMAN reads very much like the wail of one who, after having bartered away principle for the bread of place and power, had received in return the stone of disappointment.

Pity the sorrows of a poor old man,
Born, as was thought, some famous post to grace;
Yet, though for office numerous times he ran,
He ne'er was known to win a single race.

As regards our being "poor," that is no disgrace, unhandy though it be. Being an "old man" is a little more serious, but to this we also plead "guilty," and find it even growing upon us, and must soon become chronic. We are "falling into the sere and yellow leaf," and so far from being spiteful about it, we congratulate our young friends that they have the advantage of us. Old age grows on apace with some, while with others boyhood is perpetual.

As to our second offence—"bartering away principle for place and power"—*that* will never happen *them*. They have no principle to barter, and if they had, could not find a market. To quote from Carlyle, "Their heart is always in the right place—that is, in the *Market place*."

But then why, Oh! why did they steal poetry to eke out their abuse withal? When we were young and enthusiastic, like them, we were wont to write rhyme by the ream, albeit our muse was none of the daintiest. Even *now* we wouldn't steal rhyme.

When we were young and *bog*-ant we went to school a little—not very willingly, indeed. Then and there, in our log cabin school house, we were *classed* in the "English Reader"—a book, we much fear, now out of print—and we well remember, too, of reading "verse about" with our classmates, "The Beggar's Petition," made classic by its introduction into the "Reader," and supposed to be written by "ANON," an old English writer.

Upon this production the *Alleghanian* has pirated. That defect of memory, which accompanies old age fails us in rendering it literally, but we come near its substance, preserving its measure:

THE BEGGARS' PETITION.

Pity the sorrows of two poor young men
Whose drivelling rag they send from door to door;
Whose sheet is published only *now and then*;
Oh! give relief and Heaven will bless your store.

This little sheet our poverty bespeaks.
Its puny contents show our early years,
While we are often forced to act like sneaks,
As from each number of our sheet appears.

Yon room, a portion of the second floor
Above where Tommy Williams sells his tin,
Invited us to come and play the bore,
And foolishly enough we both 'went in.'

Hard is the fate of the infirm and poor,
Here as we crave a morsel of your bread,
Our *paper* is refused at many a door,
And where 'tis taken it is never read.

Oh! take the *Alleghanian* with you home.
(The cold is piercing and the wind blows keen,)
Or short will be its passage to the tomb,
For we are weak, and miserably mean.

Should we reveal the sources of our grief,
If soft humanity e'er touched your breast,
Your hands would not withhold the kind relief,
And tears of pity would not be repressed

Heaven sends misfortunes—why should we get mad?
'Tis Heaven has brought us to this state, you see,
And your condition may be soon as bad,
But surely worse than ours it cannot be.

A little type was our infernal lot,
And many a lark we took from night to morn,
But soon our calculations were upset—
Our paper died "acknowledging the corn."

Our Congressman, for whom we labored
He seems to love the *Tribune* much too well;
Unless the Postoffice through him shall come.
We'll bet no longer on our man Morrell.

Our tender wife—(we've only one between us,
Altho' we honestly deserve a pair;)
Yet Juno's grace and all the love of Venus
Could not relieve us from our deep despair.

Pity the sorrows of two poor young men,
Whose wretched case your deepest pity claims;
Who can't live *by*—but may live *in*—a pen,
Oh! give relief to Hutchinson & James.

OWNING UP.

The *Alleghanian* most ungraciously backs down from the charge made in last week's number against the inmates of St. Xavier's, by admitting that it *don't know anything about it*, and only *copied* the article. It is a little cool to endorse a slander by giving it a prominent place in its columns, and then shirk out of it by pleading ignorance. This is Know-Nothingism for you, with a vengeance.

But the funniest thing about it is, that while the *Alleghanian* dares not re-assert the slander, it declares it "a very low trick" for us to nail the base coin to the counter. If that paper has any desire for the truth, it ought to thank us for exposing error, when "copied" into its columns.

And our young friends can enjoy their sneers at what they call our "new found faith," to their heart's content. We shall not be guilty of the "very low trick" of retorting epithets of that kind, for *two* reasons—which the *Alleghanian* understands as well as we do.

A fortnight since the *Alleghanian* thought it manly and decent to tilt at our business vocation. It now sneers at our religious faith. What next?

We can assure the editors of the *Alleghanian* that in this field of warfare they are perfectly safe. They can abuse our *person* as much as they please—it shall not prevent us from exposing their falsehoods.

JOHN SCOTT, ESQ.

The Radical papers in this Congressional District recommend the election of John Scott, Esq., to the United States Senate. Since they have the power, we sincerely hope that a man of acknowledged ability and purity like Mr. Scott may fill the place of Mr. Buckalew in the National Senate. We should then have at least *one man* in the counsels at Washington of whom the Keystone might feel proud.

An earnest and *honest* (for they have honest ones among them) Radical, in speaking upon the subject, the other day, conceded that the Democrats were more careful in the selection of their candidates than the Radicals, "so far as the question of talent and integrity were concerned."

It would be well for our opponents to emulate us, at least, in this particular; but we fear they will not. For the credit of our State we hope otherwise, but we fear that Mr. Scott will be sacrificed to Kimble—or probably Morehead—or some other of the less talented and less reputable members of the party. Kimble boasts that he is already as good as elected—and such appears to be the impression among "trading politicians."

It is true, Kemble could not, like Scott, make a speech, but he could make a contract. He could not draw a bill, but he can *draw* the Legislature. He could not fittingly represent the great Keystone State, but he can represent the money changers.

WE ARE NO BETTER.

Our highly moral young friends of the *Alleghanian* chide us for offering to bet. We beg leave to assure them, as well as our readers, that betting is not our vice.

On the occasion in question it was only a banter. We knew that the bet would not be taken. Our offer was that a falsehood published in the *Alleghanian was* a falsehood. We knew it would not be taken for two reasons—the *Alleghanian* neither had the truth nor the money.

Besides, we don't encourage betting with Radicals, as sometimes they don't pay. We only made two bets during the whole canvass and those were—the cigars that Foster would get more votes than Covode. One of the bets was as good as the *bank*, and we smoked the cigars, the other "didn't pay," and so both ended in smoke!

But when we say that we are *"no better"* we don't wish it to be understood that we are "no better" than the editors of the *Alleghanian*. We think we are, in this, at least, that we would not wilfully publish a falsehood; and if we did, we would retract it instead of administering low abuse to the party pointing it out.

"ONWARD" is the title of a new monthly magazine to be conducted by Capt. Mayne Reid. The first number will appear in time for the Christmas holidays, and besides the lore suitable to that mystic season, it will contain the opening chapter of a story of South American Life, entitled the Lost Sister, A Tale of the Pampas; also, the commencement of the Yellow Chief, A Tale of the Prairies. The magazine will be illustrated by the best artists. The mere mention that the favorite writer, Capt. Mayne Reid, is about to publish a magazine, will fill our young folks with delight. Since the story of Robinson Crusoe and the Swiss Family Robinson, no tales of that class have had the popularity of those of Capt. Mayne Reid. Capt. Reid's own life has been filled with romantic adventure in Mexico and in the distant West, and he well understands how to transfer his own strange experience to the page of his charming fictions. No more acceptable Christmas present for youth could be made, than a year's subscription to Capt. Reid's **New Magazine.**

News of the Week.

..Over one hundred thousand applicants for office under Grant have already appeared, and "We are coming, Father Abraham, three hundred thousand more."

..It is said that President Johnson is bestowing more than usual care on his forthcoming message; and that it will be one of the ablest papers ever issued from the Presidential Chair.

..A poor man, with a wife and four children starving, recently stole a bucket of coal in London. He was seized, tried and sentenced to two months' imprisonment. His wife fainted in court.

..A little boy of 13, having placed a penny on the railway track at Brunswick Me., to see the locomotive crush it, one of the train hands threw a stick of wood at him and he was instantly killed.

..A Washington couple, having the misfortune to loose a child, and wishing to convey the body to Baltimore, evaded the express charges by dressing the child in its usual clothing and took it in between them on the cars.

..Lewis Brush, sixteen years old, and son of a prominent citizens of Fremont, Ohio, slipped under a freight train, on Sunday evening, while trying to catch a ride, and was so badly crushed that he died in a few hours.

..Governor Geary declines to accredit to Congress any representative from the Twenty-first district, in which it will be recollected the candidates were Messrs Covode and Foster. He leaves the whole question to Congress.

..A South Carolina negro has obtained "forty acres of land and a mule." But it was not through politics, but by letting them alone and attending to his business, when he was remembered in the will of his former owner.

..The reason why Grant received more votes in Allegheny county than Hartranft, it is now ascertained, was, because Grant received less votes in Westmoreland and Indiana than Hartranft. Covode didn't need them in November.

..The New York *Gazette* thinks Gen. Grant "will be likely to attach more weight to special fitness and competency, and less to party service, as qualifications and claims for office, than has been done for a good many years past."

..A little daughter or Mr. Miles Rice, of Ravenswood, Jackson county, W. Va., was burned to death in his dwelling, which was consumed by fire on the night of the 6th. The child was locked up in a room when the house took fire.

..Governor Hoffman, of New York, received the largest vote ever cast for any candidate in that State, viz: 438,459, and the largest vote ever cast for any candidate in any State in the Union since the foundation of the government.

..Men like office as naturally as pigs and ducks like mud, or negroes sunshine and sleep. Throw an American up into the air five miles, wheel him around five thousand times, and when he comes down his arm will be stretched to the utmost for an office.

..General Grant is impartial in his distribution of favors in New York. He dines with Pierrepont, War Democrat; breakfasts with Greeley, Republican; and dines again with Hoffman, Democrat, at a dinner given in honor of Evarts, Johnson Republican.

..It is a singular fact that no President of the United States up to the present time has had a child born in the White House. It is understood that the fact will not exist long after the 4th of March next. Appomatox's wife is said to be in an interesting condition.

..W. W. Richardson, of Coosa county, Ala., a Radical Justice of the Peace, hung himself on the 11th inst. He left a letter stating that one of the causes which led him to commit the act was remorse for the manner in which he had treated the white people of his neighborhood.

..Two large bears were killed last week, in Clarion county. One was shot not far from Strattanville, by a Mr. Hanhold, and weighed nearly four hundred pounds. The other was killed near Jones & Johnson's mill in the upper part of Clarion county, and weighed over four hundred pounds.

..Colfax's latest denial is that he didn't during the Scott campaign, write bogus letters from the South to the Louisville Courier. As the editor of that paper publishes a letter, dated New Orleans, which Colfax sent him from South Bend, Ind., the denial must be put along with that of know-nothingism.

..A careful estimate of the number of white men disfranchised in the State of Missouri fixes the figure at *ninety thousand*. That is a specimen of the way the recent Presidental election was carried in the States of the South. Is it strange that the Radicals are able to figure up by majorities for their candidate.

..The Leavenworth (Kansas) *Commercial* tells this story: Yesterday a child was born on Cheyenne street which was half black, the right side of the face and and body being as black as a coal. Nature plays strange freaks sometimes, but this is the strangest which has yet come under our notice. The child is a bouncing, healthy boy, and will undoubtedly be a great curiosity in the scientific world.

..Mrs. Mary E. Hall, a widow woman aged 61 years, was brutally murdered in Philadelphia, on Sunday night last, by being beaten by a poker and then thrown out of a second story window. Her son-in-law, Geo. B. Twitchell, jr., and his wife have been arrested on suspicion.—The old lady was in comfortable circumstances, and it is supposed she was murdered in order that the accused might obtain her property.

..A second Hospital for the Insane, is about to be built by the State of Pennsylvania, near Danville, Montour county. The building will be of stone, four stories high. The exterior walls will be laid in rubble-work painted with colored mortar. The building will have a centre and four transverse wings, and will be 1,143 feet in length. All the stairs in the building will be of iron. The edifice is calculated to hold five hunded patients, and is arranged so as to accommodate two hundred and fifty males and two hundred and fifty females.

..Jonathan Draper, the oldest citizen of Shaftsbury, Vermont, died recently. In less than a week after his death, his aged wife, undoubtedly overcome by a sense of grief and loneliness, and unable to endure the separation from the stay and staff of her years, put an end to her own existence by hanging herself to the post of her bed.

..Schenectady has a genius in the shape of a saloon keeper, who has trained a number of rats to run across his floor and waken up his customers who sleep about on chairs. The startled drinkers see the rats; the barkeeper declares there are no rats there; and the former, thinking delirium tremens to be approaching, quickly go home.

..The Fairfield (Iowa) *Ledger* says that a young man in Jefferson county, recently from the east, fell in love with, courted, and was engaged to be married to a young lady near Fairfield, when, just before the day set for the wedding, the expectant bride found in her husband a brother, adopted when a child by a friend of her family, and for many years numbered with the lost.

..A floating paragraph informs us that the State of Illinois has adopted a new seal. The design is an eagle on a boulder in a prairie, the rising sun in the distant horizon. In the beak of the eagle is a scroll bearing the words "State Sovereignty—National Union." The idea of "State Sovereignty" in Illinois, which gave us Lincoln and Grant for Presidents, is curious.

..The Bangor *Whig* tells a remarkable story of a man down at Tennant's Harbor, who, being out on his dory, fell overboard and not being able to swim, conceived the idea of striking the bottom and "footing it" ashore. Accordingly shutting his eyes and teeth firmly together, he struck out for the shore, until, believing he must be near land, he opened his eyes and found himself in the middle of a cornfield.

..The oldest house in the United States is believed by some to be a stone edifice in Guilford, Conn. It was built in 1640, the stone being brought in handbarrows from a ledge some distance from the site of the building. The cement with which the walls were laid up is said to be harder than the stone itself. The first wedding in Guilford took place in this edifice, the supper provided being pork and peas.

..The New York *Democrat* says: "A note from Dr. Helmbold's most intimate friend assures us that the unkind rumors circulated by an unscrupulous press concerning the insanity of the Doctor, are entirely unfounded. Dr. Helmbold has for some time past overworked and taxed his brain, and, like many others, feels the effect of the sudden relaxation. Our word for it, the lively laddie is worth a hundred crazy folks yet."

THE DEAD ALIVE.—Saturday before last, at 11 o'clock A. M., in the city of Meadville, Erie county, Pa, George Warren, to all appearance, breathed his last. He was prepared for burial, and the remains were to be sent to Erie for interment. His sister, who was present at the time of his supposed demise, arrived there on Saturday night, and made preparations for receiving the melancholy cortege. On Monday, a hearse and carriages went to the depot, but the object of their search was not there, and they received word that the funeral party had missed the train. The hearse went to the depot again on Tuesday, but instead of the corpse, there came a dispatch stating that Mr. Warren showed signs of life.—Another dispatch stated that he had been removed from his coffin and was sitting up in bed. What must be the feelings of his friends at thus having restored to them one who was mourned as dead beyond the probability of a doubt? He lay in the death-like trance state for about forty-eight hours before exhibiting signs of animation, and it was almost a providential circumstance that the interment was set for a place some distance from where the supposed death occurred. The disease that prostrated him was typhoid fever, and the contemplated interment at Erie was probably the means of averting that horror of horrors—unconsciously burying a living human being.

THE SENATORIAL QUESTION.—The Radical newspapers of this State seem to be much exercised over the question as to who shall be elected to represent the Radical party in the United States Senate instead of Mr. Buckalew. Some of them demand that the new incumbent shall be chosen with reference to his ability and fitness for the office. What folly it is for them to indulge in such silly talk? Do they not all know that there is only one question which will be considered? Before the Legislative caucus meets the whole thing will have been settled just as it was two years ago. Somebody will have bought up a majority of the Radical members, for so much a head, and they will vote for the man who pays best.—The caucus nomination will be equivalent to an election, and the whole thing is only a question of dollars and cents. Everybody knows that.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

A MODEL OLD MAN.—Jacob Winans, of Milton, Mahoning county, Ohio, was born in 1769, and married at 21. His wife bore him seventeen children, fourteen of whom are now living, the youngest of them having turned fifty. In July last, at the age of ninety-nine years, he walked from Garrettsville to Milton, a distance of thirty-one miles, in less that six consecutive hours, with only one rest, the mercury being 96 degrees. He has not tasted intoxicating liquors for over sixty years; never paid a dollar for doctor or lawyer's fees; has voted at every Presidential election since the adoption of our Constitution, and has served his country in two wars.

FOR RENT—A House and two Lots of Ground, with Stable and other outbuildings, belonging to the estate of M. C. McCague, dec'd, (now occupied by Fred'k Kittell.) Possession given immediately.
Apply to GEO. HUNTLEY,
Ebensburg, Nov. 19, '68.-tf. Guardian.

SPEAR'S ANTI-DUST!

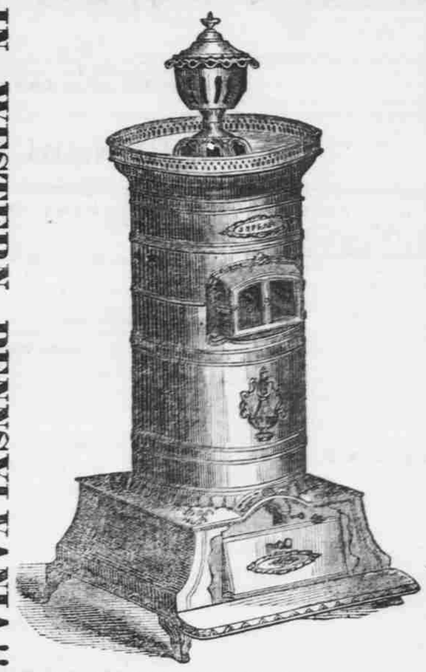
BURNS ANY KIND OF COAL,

And is the Best and Cleanest from Dust, and the MOST ECONOMICAL STOVE IN THE WORLD!

IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA!!

FOR SALE AT

GEORGE HUNTLEY'S, HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.



One of the LARGEST, BEST and CHEAPEST ASSORTMENTS OF COOKING AND HEATING STOVES

AN EXPERIENCE OF MANY YEARS IN THE STOVE TRADE,

And a knowledge of the kind of Stoves needed in this region,

ENABLES ME TO KEEP NONE BUT THE BEST STOVES MANUFACTURED.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Mrs. Mary Owens offers for sale her House and Lot situated on the corner of Ogle and Mary Ann streets. The House has lately been rebuilt and fitted up with all the modern improvements. Terms liberal. For further information apply to
GEO. M. READE, Agent.
Ebensburg, Nov. 19, 1868. 3m.

STRAY COW.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Munster township, on or about the first day of October last, a RED COW, supposed to be eight or nine years old. No marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law. PETER O'NEILL.
Munster Tp., Nov. 19, 1868. 3t.

PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at his residence on Hickory Ridge, Allegheny township, Cambria county, on THURSDAY NEXT, NOV. 26th, 1868, at 2 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described personal property, to wit: 3 Horses, 8 Cows, Cattle and Sheep; 1 Two Horse Wagon, Buggy, Sled, Sleigh, Harness; Wheat, Corn, Oats and Potatoes by the bushel; Hay by the ton; Cultivator, Ploughs, Harrow, and various other Farming Implements; Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Stands, and other Household and Kitchen Furniture. A reasonable credit will be given.
MICHAEL GRIMES.
Allegheny Tp., Nov. 19, 1868.-1t.*

HOLLIDAYSBURG SEMINARY.
A Boarding School for Young Ladies.
Rev. JOSEPH WAUGH, A. M., Principal.
CARL F. KOLBE, Prof. of Music, French and German.
Competent Assistants in other Departments.
None but experienced and successful Teachers are employed in this Institution.
Healthful and Beautiful Situation.
Building elegant and complete in all its parts.
Supplied with Gas, Water, Bath Rooms, Wardrobes, and all home comforts.
Next Session opens January 13th, 1869.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 12, 1868. 3m.

FARMERS, ATTEND!—The undersigned offers for sale one of the most desirable FARMS in Cambria county, situate in Summerhill township, within two miles of the Pa. R. R. at Wilmore, and containing TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-NINE ACRES, about 100 Acres of which are cleared, under fence, and in a good state of cultivation, with a splendid apple orchard and a good Log House and Stable on the premises. The property will be sold together, or in lots to suit purchasers. The terms, which are easy, will be made known by R. L. Johnston, Esq., Ebensburg, and an indisputable title made to the purchaser
JEREMIAH McGONIGLE.
Hemlock, Nov. 12, 1868.-tf.

FOREIGN SHIPPING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.
WE ARE NOW SELLING EXCHANGE,
AT NEW YORK RATES, ON

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Wales,	Germany,	Prussia,
Austria,	Bavaria,	Wurtemberg,
Baden,	Hessen,	Saxony,
Hanover,	Belgium,	Switzerland,
Holland,	Norway and	France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England,	Ireland,	Scotland,
Germany,	France,	California,
New South Wales or		Australia.

KERR & CO.
Altoona, Pa., Jan. 31, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of 2d Plur. Vend. Expon., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on Saturday, the 5th day of December next, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following real estate, to wit: All the right, title and interest of A. J. Weakland, (now deceased), "and in hands of H. Kinkead, Esq., Administrator of A. J. Weakland, dec'd, with notice to Simon Weakland and Demetrius Weakland, terre tenants, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Joseph Dysart, Bingham & Holliday, and others, containing 173 acres, more or less, about one acre of which is cleared—having thereon erected a plank house, log house, a plank stable, and a saw mill, now in the occupancy of James Weakland and Simon Weakland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of E & W. Elliott, for use of E. Elliott"
JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 19, 1868.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Aloysius Wasser, late of Carroll township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly probated for settlement.
JOHN HOGUE,
PHILIP SCHETTIG, } Executors.
Carroll Tp., Oct. 29, 1868.-6t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon and Al. Lev. Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebeesberg, on Monday, the 7th day of December next, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Wm. K. Carr, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, fronting 64 feet on Crooked street and extending back 128 feet to Pine alley, adjoining an alley on the north and lot of Geo. Wenderoth on the south, having thereon erected a two story log house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of Wm. K. Carr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of E. Hughes & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of S. F. George, of, in and to the following described building and lot of ground of S. F. George, to wit: Said building is located on a lot or piece of ground situated in Chest Springs borough, in Cambria county, known on the plan of said borough as Lot No. 64 in the order of said lots, adjoining lot of heirs of Andrew Mc Grain, &c. It is a frame stable or barn, having a front of forty-five feet and a depth of thirty-two half feet, and is sixteen feet high.—Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Wagner

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Geo. W. Pringle, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of George Rorabaugh, Michael Lutz, and others, containing 25 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame house, frame stable and out buildings, now in the occupancy of the said George W. Pringle. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. Sarah Myers, Adm'x, and Joseph Croyle, Adm'r of Jos. W. Myers, dec'd.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John Sibert, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, fronting 25 feet on Portage street and extending back 180 feet to an alley, adjoining lot of the estate of James Headrick on the one side, and lot of John Earley on the other, having thereon erected one half of a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of John Sibert; and a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Mrs. Gaghegan and Peter Mullin.—Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Scheifeith and Charles Weihl, as John Scheifeith & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John Coulter, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the village of Gallitzin, Cambria county, fronting 60 feet on Main street and extending back 144 feet to land of David Watt, adjoining school house lot on the south and Wm Shorley on the north, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of the said John Coulter. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of L. J. Blumhart & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of William McKee, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Johnstown borough, Cambria county, fronting 41 feet on Market street, and adjoining lot of G. W. McGarey on the south and Perry alley on the north, having thereon erected a two story frame house and a stable, now in the occupancy of the said Wm. McKee. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Russell & Woodruff.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James McBreen, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, fronting on the Ebensburg and Jefferson plank road, adjoining land of Jacob Emigh on the south, the Conemaugh creek on the east, and land of the estate of Hugh Dugan, dec'd, on the north, containing 43¾ acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of Mrs. —— McBreen. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. & A. C. Duncan.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of R. M. Lemon, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of M. M. Adams, heirs of Edw'd Donaldson, and others, containing 350 acres, more or less, having thereon a coal bank, hoppers, lateral railroad, and other improvements, now in the occupancy of James Dennison. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Scheiflein Brothers & Co.
JOHN BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 19, 1868

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under Act of Assembly of the 14th April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval, on Wednesday, the 9th of December next, to wit:

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of Chas. Grumling, dec'd.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of Henry Lloyd, dec'd.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of John Fox, dec'd.

Appraisement of certain real estate set apart for the widow of Peter Sauer, dec'd.
JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 19, 1868.3t.

GOOD, BETTER, BEST.—The best and cheapest Tobacco and Cigars in town are at M. D. Oatman's. Go and see

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, to be held at Ebensburg, commencing on Monday, the 7th day of December next:

Ferren et. al., Ass'ne	vs.	Hunt.
Bloodgood's Ex'r	vs.	Morrison, Executor.
Smith et. al.	vs.	Adams.
Leidy, Adm'x	vs.	Simmons.
Hughes	vs.	Crum.
Byrne	vs.	Moore.
M'Gonigle	vs.	Burke.
Same	vs.	Same.
Evans	vs.	McBride et. al.

SECOND WEEK.

Gallingham & Garrison.	vs.	Weakland & Thomas.
Margaret Snyder	vs.	Same.
George Snyder	vs.	Same.
John Snyder	vs.	Same.
Frederick Snyder	vs.	Same.
M'Coy, Adm'r	vs.	Litzinger.
Bell	vs.	Swires et. al.
Shriver, for use	vs.	McHugh et. al.
Calvin & Ramstead	vs.	Burgoons.
Morley	vs.	Duncan.
Calvin	vs.	Noel et. al.
Attimus	vs.	Cooper.
Christy	vs.	Christy.
Rowley	vs.	McHugh et. al.
Storm	vs.	Pa. R. R. Co.
McKenzie	vs.	Mellon et. al.
Allison	vs.	Myers et. al.
Snyder	vs.	Byrne et. al.
Helsell	vs.	Dunmire.
Starrick	vs.	Hutert.
Trainor	vs.	M'Cabe.
Davis, Adm'r	vs.	Byrne & Foster.
Garman	vs.	James et. al.
Easly	vs.	Christy et. al.
Nagle	vs.	Dunegan et. al.
Walters & Wehn	vs.	Slick.
McMorris	vs.	Plunket.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Prothonotary.
Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 12 1868

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday, the 7th day of December next, to wit:

The first and final account of John Benton, Adm'r cum testamento annexo of Levi R. Hunt, late of Johnstown, dec'd.

The final account of Wm. C. Lewis, guardian of Emma Hite, minor child of John Hite, late of Johnstown, dec'd.

The account of F. Bearer, Ex'r of Andrew Stritmatter, Sr., late of Carroll twp., dec'd.

The account of P. F. Kearney, Executor of Michael Kearney, late of Allegheny tp., dec'd.

The account of Francis Bearer, Esq., Adm'r of Richard Ashcraft, late of Carroll tp., dec'd.

The account of Lewis Dunmyer, Guardian of Savannah Bomgardner.

The third account of John E. Scanlan, Trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court to sell the real estate of which John Noel, late of Washington township, died seized.

The account of F. Bearer, Esq., Adm'r of James Conner, late of Susquehanna tp., dec'd.

The account of James Farren and Patrick Owens, Ex'rs of Thomas O'Brien, late of Munster township, dec'd.

The account of Joseph Criste, Guardian of Robert Donaldson, a minor child of Edward Donaldson, late of Washington twp., dec'd.

The first account of Wm. C. Lewis, Adm'r de bonis non of David Hite, late of Johnstown, deceased.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 7, 1868.-4t.

628 HOOP SKIRTS 628
AND
CORSETS, CORSETS.

WM. T. HOPKINS, No. 628 ARCH ST., PHILA., Manufacturer of the celebrated "CHAMPION" HOOP SKIRTS for Ladies, Misses and Children—the largest assortment and best quality and styles in the American Market. Every lady should try them, as they recommend themselves by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and much more elastic than all others—WARRANTED in every respect, and sold at very low prices. Ask for HOPKINS' "CHAMPION" SKIRT.

Superior Hand-made Whale bone CORSETS in Fifteen different Grades, including the "Imperial" and THOMPSON & LANGDON'S "GLOVE FITTING" CORSETS, ranging in prices from 81 Cents to $5 50; together with Jos. Beckel's celebrated FRENCH WOVEN CORSETS, superior shapes and quality, 10 different Grades, from $1,10 to $5,50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices ever imported. The Trade supplied with HOOP SKIRTS and CORSETS at the Lowest Rates.

☞ Those visiting the City should not fail to call and examine our Goods and Prices, as we defy all competition. [Nov. 12. 4m.

DR. TAYLOR'S
OLIVE BRANCH
BITTERS.

A mild and agreeable TONIC STIMULANT, STOMACHIC and CARMINATIVE

BITTERS,

Extracted entirely from HERBS and ROOTS.

Highly beneficial in

Dyspepsia,
General Debility,
AND LOSS OF APPETITE;

and an excellent CORRECTIVE for persons suffering from Disorders of the Bowels, Flatulence, &c., &c.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

DEPOT, NO. 415 MARKET STREET
PHILADELPHIA.

J. K. TAYLOR & CO.

STEAM FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

SANBORN'S PATENT has been demonstrated, by the most thoroughly practical tests, to be vastly superior in fire proof qualities to any other makers, (being water in copper tubes hermetically sealed,) preventing completely any evaporation and is the driest safe in use. The patent can be applied to any safe. Before purchasing elsewhere call and examine, or send for pamphlet containing the certificates of trials with all other makers safes.
American Steam Fire Proof Safe Company.
300 Broadway, New York.
Nov. 12, 1868 -3m.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Bradley, late of Millville borough, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to those having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to the same are requested to make immediate payment.
JOSEPH DAILY, Adm'r.
Allegheny Tp., Nov. 12, 1868.-6t.

THE FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : NOV. 26, 1868.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

BRIEF MENTION.—The man who helped himself to Dr. Yeagley's horse and buggy in Johnstown, a few nights ago, as noticed by our correspondent, was brought to this place by Major Ryckman on Monday, and lodged in jail. His name is Farner, and he hails from Somerset county.——An owl which had perched itself on the unfinished tower of the new Catholic church in this place was shot by Mr. Henry Myers, on Monday last.——Several capitalists are said to be projecting a railroad from Huntingdon to Johnstown, by way of Williamsburg and Newry, and a charter for that purpose will be applied for upon the assembling of the next Legislature.——The attention of all persons interested in bees and their product is invited to the advertisement of Langstroth's Patent Bee Hive, which will be found on our first page. There can be no doubt about the efficacy of this improvement, and no man who has bees, or wishes to have them, can afford to do without this Hive.——Under the head of "Died" we find "Pure Wines and Brandies" inserted in the last Johnstown *Democrat*. Very sorry for it, but trust they have gone where all *pure spirits* go.——The locomotives on the Pennsylvania Railroad, if coupled together, would form a train three miles long.——Mr. M. H. Shannon, of Brookville, was relieved of $6,000 while snoozing in a railroad car, west of Blairsville, a few evenings ago.——Edward Payson Weston, the renowned "walkist," will pass through Ebensburg, on his return trip from St. Paul to New York, on or about the first of March next—that is if his "*payson*" holds out long enough, to go "*west-on*" and return this far.——David Ball stabbed Job Sneese through the heart, near Slidetown, Clearfield county, on Wednesday week, killing him instantly. An old grudge existed between them, but in this case Sneese seems to have been the first aggressor, as he was following and stoning Ball, when a third party named Baer gave the latter a knife and told him to use it, which he did with the result stated. Ball and Baer are now in jail. The deceased leaves a wife and four small children.——We have received two numbers of the Williamsburg *Temperance Vindicator*, which we find to be an excellent literary and local journal and an earnest advocate of the cause it has espoused. Could not the friends of temperance in this locality get up a club for it? It deserves success, and they are the men who should see that it secures it.——Judge Dean has presented the editor of the Williamsburg *Vindicator* with an ear of corn containing 1278 grains, and hence we take it that the aforesaid editor is pretty well *corned* for a temperance man.——John M'Oolgan, Esq., we should have said before this, has been appointed Postmaster at Wilmore. He is the *right* man in the *right* place, but the probabilities are that he won't be *left* there. More's the pity.——A railroad from Hollidaysburg to Franklin Forge is talked of. The Cambria Iron Co. have leased the ore lands at the latter place, and if they want a railroad they have the capital and the energy to construct it.——Mr. William Goodman was knocked down by the local freight backing upon him at Huntingdon, on Monday, and the "caboose" car passing over him, fractured both legs between the ankles and knees. Hopes are entertained for his recovery without amputation.——A man named Bauer was arrested in Huntingdon, on Friday, for stealing a mare in Snyder county. He had just sold the animal when an officer in pursuit met him on the street, identified him and the mare, and marched Bauer back to Snyder county for trial.——A slight change for the worse has been made on our Railroad. The train now departs and arrives as follows:—Departs, 5:25 a. m., and 7:15 p. m.; arrives, 10:30 a. m., and 10:30 p. m.

JOLLY.—*By MacShane.*—Jolly is a character. He was born in England. In the prime of life and usefulness he emigrated to the United States, which he has continued ever since to make happy by his presence. His avocation has been double—that of Publican and Common Voucher. The duties of the first position are pretty well understood; the duties of the latter will be found by the student of Blackstone, somewhere in his very entertaining Commentaries, where a certain Jacob Moreland performs that office.

Jolly, though his means of loco-motion don't seem of the best, has a surprisingly fine knowledge of the people of England and Wales. He has ascertained further the fact, which was not heretofore considered entirely clear, that they have all "lived in the United States five years," and are very "much attached to the constitution;" and the still more remarkable fact that they are all men "of good *moral* character."

This difficulty is explained, however, on orthographical principles. He only swears to their good *Morrell* character, and in this he thinks he is Morley (morally) right.

We understand that not long since an unfortunate Welchman came to grief by infringing on Jolly's right as common voucher.

THANKSGIVING.—To-day will no doubt be pretty generally observed by our citizens, and business of all kinds will likely be suspended for the time being. The churches, or most of them, will be open for services, we presume, but have not been apprised positively in regard to any of them except the Presbyterian, where a discourse will be delivered at 10½ o'clock A. M. by the pastor, Rev. B. M. Kerr, on the subject: "The Nation—Its Reproach and Exaltation." A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

And here it may not be inopportune to say that there is no more practical or pleasant mode of giving thanks than by giving the poor and hungry reason to feel that they also have something for which to be thankful.—Therefore, while you heap up your basket with all the delicacies of the season, do not forget that other tables may look bleak enough without your help.

IN AND OUT.—We should have noticed ere this the fact that Mr. Christian Singer was sworn in as one of our Poor House Directors, to which he was elected in October, at the last meeting of the Board. Mr. S. will make an honest and efficient Director, and is just the kind of a man that political parties should elect to office. Mr. Jos. Dailey, the out-going Director, performed the duties of the position faithfully and well, and has our good wishes in his retirement. The Board now consists of Messrs. Henry Byrne, of Carroll, John D. Thomas, of Ebensburg, and Christian Snyder, of Jackson. Just as good material as the county affords—in fact, a full team and a bull-dog under the wagon.

STARTLING DISCOVERY.—There is said to have been a man found in one of our Eastern cities who sells goods cheaper than our over-the-way neighbor, Mr. V. S. Barker. We can scarcely credit the story, and advise our readers not to trouble themselves about it, but to continue in well doing by patronizing the man who keeps a most superb and ample stock, and knows how to give bargains.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 23, 1868.

MR. EDITOR—There is quite a quantity of local matter this week. Snow fell on Friday in every *local*-ity. Our *intelligent* Burgess has caused a new roof to be put upon the old Market-house, which gives it a *sensible* appearance. The Brethren Church has the new slate roof completed, which serves as a glorious armor to ward off the hail stones and the darts of the devil. The water pipes are nearly all laid through the principal streets, and the borough authorities are having stones *impounded* in the places that were torn up. We have so much *pipe* now that we can *smoke* all winter without a *mere sham*, and so much water that we can wet our *pipes* when we please.

The proprietors of the Union Hall made quite a *haul* the two nights that the Continental troupe entertained the people. The *Continentals* are the best troupe on the *continent*, and their performances *contented* six hundred persons each night. Then came the Sandford troupe on Monday night The *Sanford* troupe is *sans reproach* and afforded abundant amusement. Their *operations* were in the true *Opera* style, and they *drew* a large house—that is, they drew about 500 persons in one night, *figura*tively speaking. The Hall will hold eight hundred persons, and has that many neat, round back, fancy chairs, placed in semi-circular rows. The chairs are not exactly round backs, but have a kind of oval "Grecian bend," which adds much to the appearance of the Hall. The public schools will close in about three weeks—probably, like Grant's travels, without any *demon*-stration.

Great preparations are made for the observance of Thanksgiving day. We saw a man taking home a turkey and a peck of potatoes. That was ourself. The Republicans will give thanks that Gen. Grant is elected, which liberty we freely *grant*, and the Democrats will give thanks that no *worse* person is elected. The *Grantees* of good dinners will give thanks to the *Grantors*, and, as a German would say, Thanksgiving will be a *Grant* affair. The *lock-up* will probably be illuminated in the evening, and as it is just opposite the M. E. Church, it will cast that beautiful and massive building entirely in the *shade*.

The Iron Bridge over Stony Creek is now about completed. It is a substantial and beautiful structure. The only objection to it is that the roof leaks when it rains. The bottom would have leaked too, but for the fact that the openings at the sides have been boarded up.

The fire engine house has a tower or look-out built upon it, and a bell of 1500 lbs. weight is about being placed within the tower, so that an alarm may readily be given when there is a fire. It is so constructed that a *false* alarm may be given occasionally.

A great number of store rooms and private residences have been erected the past summer and are now being completed, which may bring *rents down;* if not, some people will *go up*. Extremes must meet somewhere.

John Parke is just completing his Hall, which resembles a *minature* theatre, *photo*graphically speaking. It has a main audience-room and two tiers, or galleries. Although it is not a symmetrical building, being *higher up* than *wide out*, yet it will be an *amusing* place of amusement.

David Dibert, Esq., has put up a new structure intended for a Post Office building. We hope it will be so arranged that the ladies will have an entrance and place of delivery for themselves. As it is, there is more jostling than ladies like. If some *young* man would get the office next term all would be right.

Dr. Henry Yeagley had his horse and carriage stolen the other night. The thief was followed to Myers' Mills, Somerset county, and caught. He had driven the entire distance without feeding either *horse* or *buggy*.

The Republicans have gained another victory. Every member of the council of Pandemonium, elected this year, is a Radical. There will, no doubt, be an illumination in *Hades*.

The snow storm continues and numbers of wild geese are flying South. We did not notice that any of them had *carpet-bags*.

Mr. George Gates has sold a small part of his farm to the Cambria Iron Co., for six thousand dollars. George is *rich*.

MACSHANE, JR.

CARROLLTOWN, Nov. 23, 1868.

Dear Freeman—"United" still lives, and sends you greeting with the first coming of snow. Pardon his long silence if you have yet a lingering hope that he will do better.

It is my painful duty to inform you of the destruction by fire of the barn of Mr. Aug. Luther, one mile south of Carrolltown, which was burned, with nearly all its contents, on Thursday morning last. It seems that one of Mr. L.'s little boys had gone to the barn at an early hour for the purpose of feeding the stock, taking with him a lighted lantern.—While there to took the candle out of the lantern for some purpose, and by accident set fire to a lot of corn fodder. Mr. Luther had by this time eaten his breakfast and gone to his work, leaving no grown male about the premises, and of course the feeble efforts of his wife and small children were insufficient even to keep the fire under control until help arrived, and consequently the barn, containing about five tons of hay, two valuable cows, a lot of tools and utensils, and some choice lumber, was soon a total wreck. There was one horse in the barn when the fire commenced, but it was fortunately got out in time, though not without considerable difficulty. Mr. L. has the earnest sympathy of all who know him. His loss foots up over five hundred dollars, with no insurance.

Mr. Jacob Lieb has been engaged for the past week in selling off his stock of marchandise, house furniture, farming utensils, etc., and having already sold his valuable farm, he will ere long take his departure for Virginia. Our community will consequently lose one of its best citizens.

Had either of the "Macs" been in our goodly borough yesterday he would have been surprised to see the torn out of sleds and sleighs, and still more to note the absence of all wheeled vehicles on the 22d day of November. Truly we have winter early and winter late in this high latitude. A very long "winter's tale" might be composed here if commenced with the first fall of snow and continued until its final departure.

By the way, I had almost closed forgetting to mention the coming aniversary celebration of the Lemke Association. It is to come off on Thursday of the present week, commencing early in the day and to continue until the "wee sma' hours ayant the twal." To those who were present at the last anniversary I need scarcely say *come!* but to all who desire to innocently spend a pleasant day I would say, come to Carrolltown on Thursday, and I promise them that under the auspices of the Lemke Association they will enjoy a day of pleasant recreation.

And now, for fear of trespassing I forbear for the nonce.

Yours, in the faith, UNITED.

ONE TERM at a good school is of more value than two terms at a poor school. For good instruction go to the State Normal School. Address J. A. Cooper, Edinboro, Erie Co., Pa.

"EVERYBODY TAKES THEM!"—Nearly all our readers will remember to have seen, only a few years ago, fences, barns, and even rocks, bearing the legend, "Everybody takes Hobensack's," &c. Of course it wasn't exactly true, for we are sure we never took any, and we claim to be somebody. Neither would it be exactly true to say that everybody takes the handsome little brass bedroom lamps recently introduced here by Mr. M. L. Oatman, but it is true to say that nearly everybody who has thus far seen them has bought one or more of them, and it is equally true to say that all who appreciate a convenient and brilliant light should no longer do without one of these handsome lamps. They cost only fifty cents, require no chimneys, and burn without emitting the least smoke or soot. Try them and be convinced of their superior merits.

UNEQUALLED!—Yes, that is the proper word to make use of in speaking of the renowned Spear's Anti-Dust Stoves, a representation of one kind of which our enterprising neighbor, Mr. George Huntley, has had us to present to our readers to-day. These stoves are admitted by all who have tested them to be the very acme of perfection, and it is doubtful whether any further improvement can be made in that way. Mr. H. keeps these and many other kinds of cooking and heating stoves, and sells them just as cheap as the men who make them.

"YOUNG AMERICA."—This favorite juvenile periodical enters upon its third year greatly enlarged and improved. It is decidedly the most varied, and, in many respects, the best of all the juveniles, and well repays the investment of the small sum required for its possession. A diagram containing a full-sized pattern for cutting out the body of a Christmas doll is one of the attractions of the present number, which is, otherwise, full of good things. Subscribe for your boys and girls, $1.50 per annum, with a premium.—Publication Office, 473 Broadway, N. Y.

SERIOUS LOSS.—Mr. A. H. Faller had the misfortune to lose a horse valued at $175 on Saturday night last. Having no immediate use for the horse he had consigned it to the keeping of Mr. Ed. Humphreys, to work for its feed, and on the night in question the animal got loose in the latter gentleman's stable, and while tramping about upset the feed-cutter, the knife of which came in contact with one of the horse's feet, just above the hoof, and inflicted such a terrible gash that it was found necessary to take the animal out and shoot him on Sunday morning.

BEST OYSTERS.—It is the opinion of everybody who has indulged in the oysters served up at the new saloon of Mr. A. H. Faller, that they are the largest and most delicious bivalves ever brought to this place; and add to this the fact that he has reduced the price per plate, and it would be strange if he did not do a thriving business. Among the other delicacies to be found at this establishment, are pigs' feet, tripe and beef tongue, for all of which Mr. Faller will pay the highest prices to those offering them.

A WORD IN TIME.—To-day is Thanksgiviving, and in another month we shall have the Christmas holidays, the great season of merry-making and present giving, and now is a very opportune time to remind our readers that Mr. C. T. Roberts will be prepared to furnish everybody with almost any article desirable for a holiday gift, and that, too, at prices which will induce all to buy what they need from him. Bear this in mind that when the proper time comes.

RUNNING ROUND.—Children run round and catch cold. Some people run round and slander. The world runs round. Sometimes one gets a run round on the end of the finger, but the continual run round is performed by the wheels of Frank W. Hays' stove wagons, conveying hundreds of stoves to the Railroad depot, or to private dwellings. Frank W. Hay is a most obligi;g and succe-sful dealer, and the reason is he lets people know what he does and when he does it. In short he advertises.

THE MAYORALITY.—Since Johnstown has assumed the proportions of a city it is entitled to a Mayor. The present Burgess will not have the office He positively declines, and we know of no other suitable man unless it is Mr. Leopold Mayer, the kind and obliging proprietor of the New York Dry Goods and Millinery Store, who certainly has the best and cheapest goods in that thriving place. His store is a perfect Paradise of beauty and wonderment.

GOOD TIMES.—Talk about hard times! Why we saw Murphy & Co. have handsful of gold coin the other day, which they had just received from numerous customers at their famous Dry Goods Store, near the Houston House, Johnstown. They offered to sell us the gold, but we preferred their nice goods, which were going like hot cakes. So we pitched in and bought all we could, but were considerably interrupted by John, who is an inveterate talker.

DEER MEAT.—A hunter brought several carcasses of deer to Johnstown last week and disposed of the meat readily at a high price. The first men to purchase were Cohen & Brother, who keep a superb Clothing Store on Main street. Their made-up clothing is sought for by all who want good, cheap and substantial clothing. They are fair, honest and gentlemanly dealers and deserve, as they receive, a liberal share of public patronage.

LEOPOLD & BROTHER.—We have been "bobbing round" in Johnstown a good deal of late and we must say that Leopold & Brother, keeps as choice an assortment of Ready Made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Trunks, &c., as we ever saw. They are now offering made-up Clothing at greatly reduced prices and are doing a rushing business. Call with them on Main street, at Oak Hall! You will not go away disappointed!

ALMOST A FIRE.—As we passed along Clinton street, Johnstown, on Saturday, we noticed a crowd, and a tremendous smoke rising from their midst. Upon inquiry we learned that James J. Murphy had just distributed some dozen of cigars to some customers who had purchased liberally of his Ready-Made Clothing. The fit of the garments pleased them so well that they all united in giving him a PUFF. If we only had been there!

A MISTAKE.—It is a mistake to suppose that Thanksgiving day is appointed for the sole purpose of masticating turkey and other palatable delicacies. It is also a mistake to suppose that any merchant in or out of Cambria county has a fuller, finer or cheaper assortment of goods than is kept for sale by J. Patton Thompson, whose store is the great centre of attraction in this locality.

PEDESTRIANS find it somewhat difficult to pedestrinate just now, owing to the slippery condition of the sidewalks, and nearly all who do venture out act very sensibly by going straight to the cheap cash store of R. R. Davis, and buying whatever they need. It may be difficult to get there, but it is not difficult to get bargains when you are there.

A GREAT NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE.—As will be observed by reference to prospectus, *Moore's Rural New-Yorker* is to be nearly doubled in size and otherwise materially improved. The RURAL is already the most popular national weekly of its class, but the proposed change must largely extend its circulation and influence.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT.

CHARADE, NO. 5.

ORIGINAL.

Hail to the hardy pioneer!
Who 'round his forest cot,
With ringing axe, my *first* to do,
The monarchs of the forest strew—
Contented with his lot.

And when strong arms have done my *first*,
Then rich in golden grain
My *second* waves, with store of food
To feed his young and thriving brood,
And recompense his pain.

Within thy bounds, Oh! Cambria,
There is no happier ground
Than that which gives my *whole* its name,
With much to praise, and little to blame—
Where Democrats abound.

CHARADE, NO. 6.

BY JULIA OF GALLITZIN.

Ever eating—ever toying—
All-devouring—all-destroying;
Never finding full repast
'Till I consume the world at last.

ENIGMA, NO. 1.

SELECTED.

Through thy short and shadowy span
I am with thee, Child of Man;
With thee still, from first to last,
In pain and pleasure, feast and fast,
At thy cradle and thy death,
Thine earliest wail and dying breath.
Seek not, then, to shun or save,
On the earth or in the grave;
The worm and I, the worm and I,
In the grave together lie.

ENIGMA, NO. 2.

BY FRANK K——.

I am composed of 14 letters:
My 5, 11, 13, 3, is a denomination used in measuring paper.
My 12, 7, 6, 14, 10, is the name of a State.
My 4, 10, 2, 9, is an animal.
My 8, 13, 1, 11, is part of the head.
My whole is an object useful and interesting to all who receive it.
Answer to Charade No. 3—BED-FORD.

ENIGMA, NO. 3.

I am composed of 15 letters:
My 1, 5, 13, 3, 7, is an auxiliary verb.
My 10, 5, 13, 11, 15, is the effect of cold.
My 6, 12, 5, 4, are in everybody's mouth, and useful in bad weather.
My 9, 2, 8, 7, is what everybooy should do.
My 4 is a consanant.
My whole is the name of the boy who sends this. Answer to Charade No. 3—Bed-ford.
HEMLOCK, PA.

ANSWER to Charade No. 4—HEART-FREE.

Go when the morning shineth,
Go when the sun is bright;
Go in all kinds of weather,
And go with all your might—
And a little of your money—to Spence's New Gallery, Ebensburg, and have a few pictures taken. You can get any style you wish, either Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, or large Pictures for Frames. A good assortment of Frames and Albums for sale.—So come one and all, both great and small, and be convinced of the truth—have a picture taken, and go your way rejoicing.

THE snow which came down as thick as spray,
And covered the earth, just the other day.
Is rapidly melting under the sun's warm ray.
And will soon disappear altogether;
Not so with the goods at Shoemakers' store,
For ere their stock is sold they send for more,
And always have as much as they had be fore,
And sell very low in all kinds of weather.

AGENTS WANTED.—It seems to us that an excellent chance for making money is now open to persons who wish to undertake the sale of "Chambers' Information for the People," certainly one of the most useful, instructive and entertaining works ever issued from the press of any country. The advertisement is given elsewhere in our columns, and we invite special attention to it.

WHAT makes your hair so beautiful? Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) Price One Dollar. Every Druggist sells it. [nov.12.

MARRIED.

THOMSON—SHERWOOD.—By Rev. B. M. Kerr, on the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's uncle, A. S. Rathbone, Esq., Rev. Wm. J. Thomson, of Croton Falls, N. Y., to Miss Sadelia, daughter of the late Hon. Luman Sherwood, of New York city.

An Anti-Bilious Specific.

This is the season of the year when there is great danger of the liver's tending to diseased action. It is the largest gland in the body, and is liable to a number of diseases. Now then, is the time to use a protective medication like MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS, so as to check at once any such course. This advice is founded on experience, and is easily followed. The bitters is the most successful anti bilious specific extant, and is highly indorsed by medical gentlemen for bilious epidemics and endemics, such as Ague, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, &c. People who live in districts where either of these complaints prevail, ought to provide themselves at once with the Bitters, as a PROTECTION AGAINST SICKNESS from these causes, and to use it as a remedy where these diseases have already gained a foothold in their systems. Sold everywhere.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the Prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and send information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the Prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
165 South Second St., Williamsburg, Kings County New York. [Nov.12,'68.-1y.

THE Editor of the "DEMOCRAT," Davenport, Iowa, endorses Hoofland's German Bitters, in the columns of his paper, as follows:

HOOFLAND'S BITTERS.

In another column will be found the advertisement of this sterling remedy. To it, the writer of this notice owes his health. Having once been completely prostrated by disease contracted in campaigns in Louisiana and Mississippi, we were unable to regain our health by following regular remedies but were cured by a few bottles of this medicine.

It is the greatest known Tonic, and is entirely free from Alcoholic admixture.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Santa Cruz Rum, orange, anise, &c., making a preparation of rare medical value. The Tonic is used for the same diseases as the Bitters; in cases where some Alcoholic Stimulus is necessary. Principal Office, 631 Arch St., Philad'a, Pa. Sold by Druggists and others, everywhere. [nov.26.-1m.

OUR NEW FAMILY

SEWING MACHINE!!

The superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, either for Family use or Manufacturing purposes, are so well established and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor, or expense, is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the BEST SEWING MACHINE IN EXISTENCE.

The machine in question is SIMPLE, COMPACT, DURABLE and BEAUTIFUL. It is quiet, light running, and CAPABLE OF PERFORMING A RANGE AND VARIETY OF WORK never before attempted upon a single Machine, using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, &c., are NOVEL and PRACTICAL, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the Unique, Useful and Popular Folding Tops and Cabinet Cases, peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company, have been prepared for enclosing the new Machine.

A faint idea, however, can at best be conveyed through the medium of a (necessarily) limited advertisement; and we therefore urge every person in quest of a Sewing Machine by all means to examine and test, if they can possibly do so, all the leading rival Machines before making a purchase. A selection can then be made understandingly. Branches or agencies for supplying the "Singer" Machines will be found in nearly every city and town throughout the civilized world, where Machines will be cheerfully exhibited and any information promptly furnished. Or communications may be addressed to

The Singer Manufacturing Company,
458 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 1106 CHESTNUT STREET.

☞C. T. ROBERTS, Agent for Ebensburg and vicinity, keeps these Machines constantly for sale at his store on High street The public are respectfully invited to call and see them in operation. Instructions given free. Machines sold at city prices. NO FREIGHT CHARGED. Also, Singer's Needles, Oil, Silk and Cotton always on hand. [aug 20.-1y.

ADVICE THAT SHOULD BE HEEDED.—We desire to call the attention of the afflicted to the merits of Roback's Blood Pills, a purely vegetable cathartic, free from mercury and all mineral poisons, and undoubtedly the best remedy extant for the radical cure of nervous and sick headache, bilious disorders, and all affections of the Liver and Blood. They are, as their name indicates, a Blood Pill.—They search the blood for disease and strike at the very root, thereby effecting not temporary but permanent cures. As a purgative, they are all that can be desired, being mild and safe in their operation and unquestionably one of our most satisfactory Cathartic Pills, and should be kept in every household, and, when taken in conjunction with Roback's Blood Purifier, are unequalled for curing Scrofula, Skin Disease, Old Sores, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Erysipelas, Tumors, Eruptions, and all diseases arising from a disorganized state of the system. Try these medicines and you will never regret it.—Ask those who have used them and they will tell you they are the best of medicines. no 12.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following persons have filed petitions for Eating House Licenses, which will be presented to the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas, on Monday, the 14th day of December next: A. H. Faller, West Ward, Ebensburg Borough; August Schedell, Chest Springs Borough.
GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.
Ebensburg, Nov. 26, 1868. 3t.

EKECTION OF DIRECTORS OF THE "PALO ALTO IRON CO."—Notice is hereby given that the Stockholders of the Capital Stock in the "Palo Alto Iron Co." will meet on MONDAY, DECEMBER 28TH, 1868, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock P. M., at their office in the Borough of Pottsville, Pa., for the purpose of electing a Board of FIVE DIrectors for said corporation, to serve until the next annual election. Attest,
J. F. PETERY, Sec'y.
Pottsville, Nov. 26, 1868.-4t.*

AGENTS WANTED to take Orders FOR
Recollections and Private Memoirs OF WASHINGTON!
BY HIS ADOPTED SON, GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKE CUSTIS; with Illustrated and Explanatory Notes by BENSON J. LOSSING.

A book for all sections and all parties, containing the minute details of Washington's Private Life, as well as his public career. (which general history does not reveal.) This book is written by a member of Washington's own family—one who lived with him from infancy, and must prove peculiarly acceptable to the American Public.

The great demand for this work, its ready sale, and an increased commission makes it the best book for Agents ever published.

The most liberal terms to agents, and exclusive sale in the territory assigned

Send for discriptive circular and terms to Agents. Address,
WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 26 South 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED FOR OUR NEW
Great Standard Work,
CHAMBERS'
INFORMATION FOR THE PEOPLE,
The largest, best and cheapest subscription book ever published, and endorsed by all Literary People in Europe and America.

As well to supply a much-needed want in our own country by diffusing correct information in a form best adapted to our people, as to gratify repeated solicitations from friends to issue an American edition of this valuable work, the Publishers have undertaken the enterprise. The vast amount of illustrated trash that has flooded the country for some years past demands a book of this character, for the benefit of those who wish to read for instruction and entertainment, instead of cheap pictures and sensational newspaper clippings bound up in form of and sold for books.

This great work is of itself a complete and select library for every family—containing over 3,000 closely printed pages, on all subjects of popular interest, from the best authors, and especially adapted to the wants of the people.—The daily inquiries received as to date of issue give assurance of an extraordinary sale. By applying at once, agents will secure a choice of territory for a book that will sell to everybody, regardless of sect, party, or section. Send for circulars, and see our terms and a full description of this mammoth work. Address, UNITED STATES PUBLISHING CO., 411 Broome Street, New York. [nov.19.-6t.

FORNEY'S
WEEKLY PRESS.
THE GREAT RADICAL PAPER.

The most extensive and freshest Political News—The best Agricultural Department—The latest Markets—And the best original Reading Matter.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY PRESS:

One copy, one year,	$2.00
Five copies,	9.00
Ten copies, (and one copy to the getter-up of the club),	15.00
Twenty copies, (and one copy to the getter up of the club),	27.00
Fifty copies, (and one copy to the getter-up of the club),	55.00
Ten copies, to one address, (and one copy to the getter-up of club),	14.00
Twenty copies, to one address, (and one copy to getter-up of club),	25.00
Fifty copies, to one address, (and one copy to getter-up of club),	50.00
One hundred copies, to one address, (and one copy of the Tri-Weekly Press to the getter-up of the club),	100.00

All orders should be addressed to JOHN W. FORNEY, Editor and Prop'r, S. W. cor. Seventh and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞Send for a specimen copy.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS
TO SUBSCRIBERS!

LET those who want a first-class LADY'S MAGAZINE and a first-class WEEKLY PAPER, send at once for a sample copy of THE LADY'S FRIEND and the SATURDAY EVENING POST, and see the unequalled inducements offered. SAMPLE COPIES OF BOTH ARE SENT GRATIS. Price for each $2.50 a year or $4 for both. Address HENRY PETERSON & CO., No. 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL
FOR 1869.

TERMS:—$3 per annum. Four copies for $10; Eight copies for $20; and an extra copy to the getter-up of the club.
A $40 Silver Watch for 20 Subscribers.
A $55 Sewing Machine for 25 Subscribers.
A $60 Gold Watch for 40 Subscribers.
A $100 Gold Watch for 75 Subscribers.
If you do not get enough to secure one of the premiums we will allow you 60 cts. on each yearly subscriber at $3. Sample copies free.

Early in the coming volume we shall commence A SPLENDID NEW STORY, by ALEXANDER DUMAS, which will be printed from advance sheets furnished only to this paper.
JOHN Y. SLATER, Publ'r, Baltimore, Md.

THE PRACTICAL FARMER!
NOW IN ITS SIXTH YEAR!
PUBLISHED IN PHILADELPHIA,

MONTHLY, at $1.50 per annum, in advance, by PASCHALL MORRIS, 18 North 13th Street, Philadelphia. 20 copies for $26. Is chiefly made up of original matter, in relation to every Department of Agriculture, Horticulture and Rural Economy. Large inducements and liberal premiums offered to agents and canvassers. Sample copies furnished on application.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
OFFICIAL
HISTORY OF THE WAR.
Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.
By HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

Its ready sale, combined with an increased commission, makes it the best subscription book ever published. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa., or Cincinnati, Ohio.

$20,000 IN MONEY GIVEN AWAY!
THE HOME WEEKLY.

This favorite journal is not only one of the oldest and one of the best, but it is THE CHEAPEST FAMILY PAPER IN THE UNITED STATES!

The following names are selected from among the very extensive lists of our contributors:—LEWIS GAYLORD CLARK, Mrs. E. F. ELLET, ORPHEUS C. KERR, P. HAMILTON MYERS, MARY A. DENNISON, T. S. ARTHUR, CATHARINE EARNSHAW, LOTTIE BROWN, JOHN S. C. ABBOTT, Hon. ROBERT DALE OWEN, EDWARD S. ELLIS, Mrs. A. L. PHELPS.

The contents will consist of brilliant Novelettes, Romances, Historical, Biographical and Scientific Sketches, Essays, Poetry, Choice Articles on Agricultural Subjects, Reviews, Fashions, Anecdotes, News, Editorials, Markets, and all that is calculated to instruct and entertain the entire family circle—the whole being free from all Political and Sectarian bias.

The illustrations will be three in each number, and from the very best artists in the country.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CLUBS!
$20,000 IN MONEY GIVEN AWAY!!

In addition to the other prizes offered below, the following will be paid to the getter up or getters up of the largest clubs sent in between November 1st, 1868, and April 1st, 1869. Prizes will be paid on or before April 10th, 1869.

The Getter-up of the Largest Club sent us between the dates mentioned above will receive	$500.00 in Greenbacks.	
Second Largest Club	400.00 "	"
Third Largest Club	300.00 "	"
Fourth Largest Club	200.00 "	"
Fifth Largest Club	100.00 "	"
The Getter up of each Club of 100 Subscribers will receive	10.00 "	"
The Getter up of each Club of 50 Subscribers will receive	5.00 "	"
The Getter up of each Club of Subscribers will be entitled to select a book or books, the price of which is	$4.00	
The Getter up of each Club of 25 Subscribers will be entitled to select a book or books, the price of which is	2.50	
The Getter up of each Club of 15 Subscribers will be entitled to select a book or books, the price of which is	1.50	
The Getter up of each Club of 10 Subscribers will be entitled to select a book or books, the price of which is	1.00	
The Getter up of each Club of 5 Subscribers will be entitled to select a book or books, the price of which is	50	

A Catalogue from one of the largest publishing houses in the United States will be furnished, from which selections can be made, and the books will be sent to the parties entitled to them, POSTAGE FREE.

TERMS: Single Copies,	FIVE CENTS.
One Copy, One Year,	$2.00
Two Copies, One Year,	3.80
Five Copies, One Year,	9.00
Ten Copies, One Year, and one extra to the Getter up of the Club,	17.00
Fifteen Copies, One Year, and one extra,	25.00
Twenty-five Copied, and one extra,	40.00
Forty Copies, and one extra,	64.00
Fifty Copies, and one extra,	80.00
One Hundred Copies, and one extra,	155.00

The Postage on the HOME WEEKLY is 20 cents a year.

Postmasters and others who get up Clubs, can afterwards add names at the same rates, and the names will be counted, up to April 1st, as part of the original Club.

Specimen copies sent, free of postage, on receipt of a five cent note.

Send for specimens, and commence sending in your Clubs early. All Communications must be addressed to JOSEPH A. NUNES, Publisher and Proprietor, 121 South Third street, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for our ILLUSTRATED BIBLE HISTORY, over 400 Engraving. Photographic Bibles as low as $3.00. Send stamp for terms, etc. GREEN & CO., 413 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

$25 A DAY. Agents wanted. Address, with stamp, BURT & Co., Biddeford, Me.

AGENTS WANTED, male and female, for our superior assortment of Stationery Gift Packages. Can be sold in every household. No better investment. Circular free. Address HAAS & LUBRECHT, Empire Map, Chart & Stationery Establishment, 107 Liberty St., New York.

AS AN APERIENT,
There is no medicine so much in favor with those who are acquainted with their action as Roback's Blood Pills; they are safe, pleasant and mild in their operation, and are purely vegetable; can be taken by children as well as by adults; try them.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS.
As a remedy to soothe all nervous excitement, and in its truest sense a NERVINE, there is, perhaps, no medicine extant which is received with so much favor as Roback's Stomach Bitters. A wine glass full on going to bed is all that is required to produce sound and healthful sleep.

ERYSIPELAS,
Or, St. Anthony's Fire, can be most effectually eradicated by the use of Roback's Blood Purifier in conjunction with Roback's Blood Pills.

OPTHALMIA,
Or, Inflammation of the Eyes, not unfrequently arises from a disordered state of the stomach; a few doses of Roback's Blood Pills will, in most cases, effect a cure by removing the cause.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD PURE.
There are no remedies, now before the public, so well calculated to purify the blood and reconstruct (so to speak) the whole system as Roback's Blood Purifier, Blood Pills and Stomach Bitters.

BAD TASTE
In the mouth in the morning is one of the symptoms of a bilious condition or disordered state of the liver, and should not, for a single day, be neglected, as it is but the premonitory symptom of a train of evils and the very seeds of disease. Procure at once Roback's Blood Pills, administer them according to the directions accompanying each box, and the difficulty and danger of disease will at once be removed.

NOT A BEVERAGE.
Unlike most of the bitters of the present day, Dr. Roback's are not intended as a pleasant stimulating whisky beverage, but are perfectly medicinal, containing only sufficient pure bourbon whisky to hold in solution the medicinal extractive matter from which they are composed.

WHO SELLS THEM:
The Agents for the sale of Roback's Blood Pills, Stomach Bitters and Blood Purifier are Messrs. LEMMON & MURRAY, Sole Agents, Ebensburg, Pa.

WANAMAKER AND BROWN
Clothing
6th & Market Sts
OAK HALL
PHILADELPHIA.

☞Samples sent by mail when written for.

ROHRER'S WILD

Fifteen Radical Falsehoods all in a Row.

Perfectly blind to the enormity of the crimes committed by their party leaders, by which whole States in some instances have been denied participation in the choice of a Chief Magistrate, and by which in other States tens of thousands of citizens have been excluded from the polls, the Radical press is constantly reiterating the charge of fraud against the Democracy, and repeating the silliest and falsest of charges against the glorious old party of Jefferson, Jackson and their compeers.

It is charged that it "encourged secession." By no act of its history, by no words ever spoken by it, did it ever do any such thing. On the other hand, Horace Greeley, the acknowledged leader of the "Republicans" of that day, and speaking, unrebuked, in their name, frequently, in the winter of 1860-'61, "encouraged secession" by telling the Southern people that they "had a perfect right to go out of the Union;" and speaking to the people of the North, he said—we write from memory, and may not give the precise words—"if the people of the cotton States are dissatisfied *in* the Union, for one, I am willing to let them go." And Greeley was no less out spoken in denouncing coercion.

It is equally false that the Democracy "opposed the first call for troops for the protection of Washington," or that it ever preferred to let the Union "slide," rather than slavery should be destroyed. The first "Union slider" we ever heard of, was N. P. Banks, who said that rather than the Union should exist *with* slavery, he was willing to "let it slide."

It never expressed any "preference for the Confederate Constitution."

It never conceded that "rebellion was a success," or "the effort to suppress it a failure."

It never "assailed" the defenders of the flag, but always esteemed such men as patriots.

It never "rejoiced at confederate victories."

It never "urged the South to reject the most liberal terms of reconstruction, "because none such were ever offered.

It never honored any of the rebels, whether "brutal" or humane. That is left for the radicals to do. Witness Joe Brown of Georgia.

It never permitted "Wade Hampton, Forrest & Co, to dictate a platform."

It never "encouraged a second war in the South." That honor belongs to the radicals in their attempt to make the negroes equal, if not superior, to the whites. On the contrary, the Democracy has earnestly advocated "peace" in pursuance of the terms of capitulation at Appomattox court house.

It never sought to make "the representatives of the people subservient to the Executive will." It only demanded that the legislation of Congress be kept within, and not "outside of the Constitution."

It never sought "to restore the lost cause," nor "to reverse the verdict of the battle-field."

It never "avowed repudiation," nor anything like it. This, too, is an honor exclusively monopolized by the Radicals in compelling creditors to take paper money in payment of interest on the State debt, when the bond called for payment in gold.

It is not responsible for the war, or any of its lamentable consequences. If it had remained in power there would have been no war, no debt, no burthensome taxes, no devastation; and the people would be prosperous, contented and happy, enjoying a Union in fact as well as in name.

It never "encouraged" civil war, anarchy, or the restoration of traitors to power.

Here are no less than fifteen clear, distinct and straight up-and-down falsehoods charged against the Democratic party, and all found in a single issue of a Radical journal. If the history of newspaperdom can furnish a parallel, Barnum should be apprized or it without delay.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

PASHUNCE OF JOB.—Everybody is in the habit ov bragging on Job, and Job did hav konsiderable pashunce, that's a fac, but did he ever keep a distrik skule for 8 dollars a month, and bord 'round, or run a kountry nusepaper?

Did he ever reap lodged oats down hill on a hot da, and hav all his gallus buttons bust oph at once?

Did he ever hav the jumpin toothache, and be made tend baby while his wife was over to Persinses in a tea squall?

Did he ever get up in the morning awful dri, and turf it 3 miles before breakfast to git a drink and find that the man kep a temperance house?

Did he ever undertaik to milk a kicking hefer with a bushy tail in fli time, out in the lot?

Did he ever sot down onto a litter ov kittens in the old rockin cheer, with his summer pantaloons on?

If he cud du all these things, and praze the Lord at the same time, all I hav got tu sa iz, "Bully for Job."

SWEET CIDER.—To all lovers of this excellent and healthy beverage, we have a piece of useful information to give: Cider, if taken when first made, brought to a boiling heat, and canned, precisely as fruit is canned, will keep from year to year without any change of taste. Canned up in this way in the fall, it may be kept half a dozen years or longer, as good as when first made. It is better that the cider be settled and poured off from the dregs, and when brought to boiling heat the scum that gathers on the top taken off; but the only precaution necessary to the preservation of the cider is the sealing of it up air-tight when boiling hot.

TO REMOVE THE TASTE OF NEW WOOD.—A new keg, churn, bucket, or other wooden vessel, will generally communicate a disagreeable taste to any thing that is put into it. To prevent this inconvenience, first scald the vessel well with boiling water, letting the water remain until cold; then dissolve some pearlash or soda in lukewarm water, adding a little lime to it, and wash the inside of the vessel well with this solution.—Afterwards scald it well with plain hot water and rinse it completely with cold water before you use it.

SHEET MUSIC.—The midnight warblings of a ——.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in

1825.

THEY CURED YOUR

FATHERS AND MOTHERS,

And will cure you and your children. They are entirely different preparations from the many quack Bitters now in the country called Tonics. They are no tavern preparation, or anything like it, but good, honest, reliable medicines. They are

The greatest known remedies for

Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA,

Nervous Debility,

JAUNDICE,

Diseases of the Kidneys,

ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,

and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimmins of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

All these indicate diseases of the Liver or Digestive Organs, combined with impure blood.

Hoofland's German Bitters

is entirely vegetable, and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made are gathered in Germany. All the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of these Bitters. There is no alcoholic ofyl used in compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitters that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants are not advisable.

Hoofland's German Tonic

is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with pure Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required. You will bear in mind that these remedies are entirely different from any others advertised for the cure of the diseases named, three being scientific preparations of medicinal extracts, while the others are mere decoctions of rum in some form. The TONIC is decidedly one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered by the public. Its taste is exquisite. It is a pleasure to take it, while its life-giving, exhilarating, and medicinal qualities have caused it to be known as the greatest of all tonics.

DEBILITY,

There is no medicine equal to Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic in cases of Debility. They impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the appetite, cause an enjoyment of food, enable the stomach to digest it, purify the blood, give a good, sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the yellow tinge from the eye, impart a bloom to the cheeks, and change the patient from a short-breathed, emaciated, weak, and nervous invalid, to a full-blooded, strong, and vigorous person.

Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. In fact, they are Family Medicines. They can be administered with perfect safety to a child three months old, the most delicate female, or a man of ninety.

These Remedies are the best

Blood Purifiers

ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure; keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the country recommend them. If years of honest reputation go for anything you will try these preparations.

FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is not an intoxicating beverage, but is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action, in the system.

Yours truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD.

FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—*I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable Preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.*

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates street.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of the article blown in each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Price of the Bitters, $1 00 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $5 00.
Price of the Tonic, $1 50 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $7 50.

The tonic is put up in quart bottles.

Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies that are so universally used and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggists, whose the Proprietor is unknown, to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a large profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 631 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS,

Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

☞For Sale by R. J. LLOYD. Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa. [oct.22.-ly.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

old established

FUR MANUFACTORY,

No. 718 ARCH St., above 7th, PHILA.

Have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the largest and most beautiful selections of

FANCY FURS,

for Ladies' and Children's Wear, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gents' Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very reasonable prices, and I would therefore solicit a visit from my friends of Cambria county and vicinity. Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,

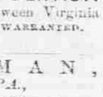
No. 718 ARCH St., ab. 7th, south side, Phila.

October 8, 1868.-4m.

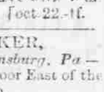
DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.

Aug 13. SAM'L BELFORD D. D. S.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler has taken the rooms on High street recently occupied by Lloyd & Co. as a Banking House, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. *Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.*



DR. H. B. MILLER,



ALTOONA, PA.,

Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Altoona, June 18, 1868.-6m.

M. L. OATMAN,

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Is the sole owner of the Right to Manufacture and sell

THE UNEQUALLED

METROPOLITAN OIL!!

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware store. [May 9, 1867.

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23.tf.]

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa. October 17, 1867.-6m.*

FRANK W. HAY,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly on hand.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. E. SCANLAN.

JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,

Attorneys at Law,

Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.

Office opposite the Court House.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second door. Entrance on Franklin street. Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

A. KOPELIN, - - - - T. W. DICK,

Johnstown. Ebensburg.

KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. [oct.22.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co. January 31, 1867.-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row. Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

JOHN FENLON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

WM H SECHLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa Office in rooms recently occupied by Geo. M. Reade Esq., in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug.27

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law,* Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doors from High street. [aug.27.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j13.

J. S. STRAYER, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Johnstown, Pa. Office on the corner of Market street and Locust alley, Second Ward. dec.12.-1y.

THE MERCHANTS'

PROTECTIVE UNION

MERCANTILE REFERENCE REGISTER.

THE MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE UNION, organized to promote and protect trade, by enabling its subscribers to attain facility and safety in the granting of credits, and the recovery of claims at all points, have to announce that they will, in September, 1868, publish in one large quarto volume:

THE MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE UNION MERCANTILE REFERENCE REGISTER, containing, among other things, the Names, Nature of Business, Amount of Capital, Financial Standing, and Rating as to Credit, of over 400,000 of the principal merchants, traders, bankers, manufacturers, and public companies, in more than 30,000 of the cities, towns, villages, and settlements throughout the United States, their territories, and the British Provinces of North America; and embracing the most important information attainable and necessary to enable the merchant to ascertain at a glance the Capital, Character, and Degree of Credit of such of his customers as are deemed worthy of any gradation of credit, comprising, also, a NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY, containing the title, character, price, and place of publication, with full particulars relative to each journal, being a complete guide to the press of every county, in the United States.

The reports and information will be confined to those deemed worthy of some line of credit; and as the same will be based so far as practicable, upon the written statements of the parties themselves, revised and corrected by well known and reliable legal correspondents, whose character will prove a guarantee of the correctness of the information furnished by them, it is believed that the reports will prove more truthful and complete, and, therefore, superior to, and of much greater value, than any previously issued.

By aid of the Mercantile Reference Register, business men will be enabled to ascertain, at a glance, the capital and gradation of credit, as compared with financial worth, of nearly every merchant, manufacturer, trader, and banker, within the above-named territorial limits.

On or about the first of each month, subscribers will also receive the Monthly Chronicle, containing, among other things, a record of such important changes in the name and condition of firms, throughout the country, as may occur subsequent to the publication of each half yearly volume of the Mercantile Reference Register.

Price of The Merchants' Union Mercantile Reference Register, fifty dollars, ($50,) for which it will be forwarded to any address in the United States, transportation paid.

Holders of five $10 shares of the Capital Stock, in addition to participating in the profits, will receive one copy of the Mercantile Reference Register free of charge; holders of ten shares will be entitled to two copies; and no more than ten shares of the Capital Stock will be allotted to any one applicant.

All remittances, orders, or communications relative to the book should be addressed to the Merchants' Protective Union, in the American Exchange Bank Building, No. 128 Broadway, (Box 2566) New York.

September 17, 1868.-3m.

EBENSBURG

DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Pocketbooks, Pipes, &c.

☞We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

EBENSBURG FOUNDRY

AGAIN IN FULL BLAST!

NEW FIRM, NEW BUILDINGS, &c.

HAVING purchased the well known EBENSBURG FOUNDRY from Mr. Edw. Glass, and rebuilt and enlarged it almost entirely, besides refitting it with new machinery, the subscribers are now prepared to furnish

COOK, PARLOR & HEATING STOVES,

of the latest and most approved patterns THRESHING MACHINES, MILL GEARING, ROSE and WATER WHEELS of every description, IRON FENCING, PLOUGHS and PLOUGH CASTINGS, and in fact all manner of articles manufactured in a first class Foundry. Job Work of all kind attended to promptly and done cheaply.

The special attention of Farmers is invited to two newly patented PLOUGHS which we possess the sole right to manufacture and sell in this county, and which are admitted to be the best ever introduced to the public.

Believing ourselves capable of performing any work in our line in the most satisfactory manner, and knowing that we can do work at LOWER PRICES than have been charged in this community heretofore we confidently hope that we will be found worthy of liberal patronage.

Fair reductions made to wholesale dealers.

☞The highest prices paid in cash for old metal, or exchange in exchange.

OUR TERMS ARE STRICTLY CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE. CONVERY, VINROE & CO.

Ebensburg, Sept. 2, 1868.

ANDREW MOSES,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

SUPPES'S BUILDING, CLINTON ST., JOHNSTOWN,

HAS just received his fall and winter stock of fine French, London and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, and a full assortment of Gent's FURNISHING Goods.

Mr. Moses has been for eight years cutter at Wood, Morrell & Co.'s establishment, and now desires to inform his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in Suppes's building, on Clinton street, with a stock of goods adapted to the fall and winter, which he is prepared to make up in the latest styles and at moderate prices for cash hoping by attention to business to merit a share of public patronage, and maintain that success which has heretofore attended his efforts in producing good fitting garments. Give him a call.

Johnstown, Sept. 2, 1868. tf.

GREAT BARGAINS!!!

Will be sold at a great sacrifice, if sold soon, a number of

THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS,

POINTS and other FARMING IMPLEMENTS, and CASTINGS.

COME AND SEE, FARMERS,

and you cannot fail to purchase.

Ebensburg, July 30, 1868. E. GLASS

W. F. ALTFATHER,

MANUFACTURER

And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,

PLUG AND FINE CUT

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

Snuff, Pipes, Snuff Boxes & Cigar Cases.

AT THE SIGN OF THE INDIAN,

MAIN STREET, - - - JOHNSTOWN.

BEYOND COMPETITION!

ESTABLISHED 1856.

THE OLDEST

DRUG STORE

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

C. T. FRAZER

Keeps constantly on hand the

LARGEST,
CHEAPEST
AND BEST

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS PERTAINING TO THE

DRUG BUSINESS

In the County, which he offers

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC

AT LOWEST RATE!!

C. T. FRAZER.

Franklin Street,

(OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.)

JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

GEIS & REUTH,

Johnstown, Pa.,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS

AND BOOK BINDERS

MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS PORTE-MONAIS, PAPER BOXES AND LOOKING GLASSES.

Looking Glass and Picture Frames always on hand, and made to order. A large and most complete assortment of Drawing Room and Miscellaneous Pictures, consisting of Chromos, Paintings in Oil, Steel Plate Engravings, Plain and Colored Lithographs, Oil Prints, Photographs and Wood Cuts.—This collection embraces a selection of large sized match pictures of Landscape and Domestic Scenes and Portraits, and 5,000 different varieties of Card Photographs of prominent men, comic and sentimental scenes and copies of subjects by celebrated artists. We have also a varied assortment of BIBLES, PRAYER, HYMN and SCHOOL BOOKS, HISTORIES, BIOGRAPHIES, NOVELS, &c. Religious Prints and Emblems in great variety, and the largest and most complete stock of STATIONERY ever brought to this county. 500 new and beautiful styles of WALL PAPER, including an assortment of Potter's celebrated English make, for which we are sole agents in this locality. These Wall Papers are handsomer in design, superior in finish, and 2½ inches wider than any other make.

The citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity are respectfully notified that we make BOOK BINDING and the manufacture of BLANK BOOKS a speciality. All work promptly executed at moderate rates.

☞Store on corner of Clinton and Locust streets, immediately opposite Foster House Johnstown, Oct 24, 1867.-tf.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

WM. P. PATTON,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,

such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs,

ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE

SPRING SEAT CHAIRS

Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.

CABINET FURNITURE

of every description and of latest

STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE

Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries,

and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.

Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $8*

HARVEY CHILDS. . . . LOWRIE CHILDS.

H. CHILDS & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,

133 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.

Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

M. CRESSWELL, JOHN A. RYDER,
E. T. SLACK, WM. D. GEMMILL.

M. McDONALD,

WITH

M. CRESSWELL & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

No. 311 Market Street,

June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA*

A. C. DIBERT,

WITH

BOKER & BROTHERS,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

CITY AND EASTERN MADE

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 432 MARKET STREET,

Below Fifth, South Side, - *PHILAD A.*

GRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 512 MARKET STREET,

FLEM. HOLLIDAY. PHILAD'A.

10,000 PRIME CIGARS just received at M. L. Oatman's, one door east of "Freeman" office. Also, a large stock of the best brands of Chewing Tobacco. Cigars at wholesale prices.

BACK TO FIRST PRINCIPLES

BOOTS AND SHOES

OF MY OWN MANUFACTURE.

WHAT I MAKE I CAN WARRANT!

After an experience of more than a year in the sale of Eastern made work, during which time I have expended more than the profits in repairing rips and tares, I have determined to come back to first principles and henceforth confine myself to the manufacture of BOOTS and SHOES for Men, Youths, Ladies and Misses, and am now better prepared than ever to give entire satisfaction in my business.

I have at present in my employ a competent corps of workmen, and can say without fear of contradiction that I can turn out as neat and substantial Boots and Shoes at as MODERATE PRICES as can be made anywhere in the State. I am having Boots made of the finest French Calf-kin and within the past month or two have had orders pouring in upon me from all quarters for this kind of work. The material in these Boots is the best to be found in the market, and the workmanship both in neatness and strength, cannot be excelled at any other establishment in the country.

MY TRAIN ALWAYS ON TIME!

All work will be ready for delivery at the time promised. Weddings, visits and other interesting or important occurrences need not be postponed through any failure on my part to come to time.

Good work and moderate prices is my motto, and one trial will convince any person that the motto is well chosen.

☞Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D THOMAS.

Ebensburg, May 28, 1868. tf

Johnstown and Ebensburg

MARBLE WORKS!

Having again taken charge of the branch Marble Works at Ebensburg, which he will operate in connection with his extensive establishment at Johnstown, the subscriber adopts this method of informing the citizens of Cambria county, that he keeps a constant supply of the best

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE,

which he is prepared at stated times in Ebensburg and at all times in Johnstown, to manufacture to order, either as MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTLES, TABLE or BUREAU TOPS, in as workmanlike manner and at as low prices as like work can be put up in any of the cities. Having in my employ a full force of experienced and skilful workmen, I do not promise too much when I say that I can furnish any of the above articles on short notice, at the lowest prevailing prices, and in a style of finish which cannot be excelled by any other manufacturer in the State.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale cheap.

☞Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work put up wherever desired, or delivered at any point named.

JOHN PARKE

Johnstown, June 4, 1868.-tf.

REVERE THE MEMORY OF *FRIENDS DEPARTED!*

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the

Loretto Marble Works,

all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.

JAMES WILKINSON.

Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

WM. M. LLOYD, JOHN LLOYD,
President. *Cashier.*

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF ALTOONA.

GOVERNMENT AGENCY

AND

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.

Authorized Capital, - - - - - $800,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms

Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.

To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:

$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.

Jan. 31, 1867 tf.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.

January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,

BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. an31.

UNION HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, PA., JEROME A. PLOTT, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 30, 1868.-tf.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

(Conducted on the European Plan,)

405 & 407 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES K. LANAHAN, - - - Proprietor.

This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night. [oct.17.-1y.

PITTSBURGH STAR,

No. 429 Liberty Street.

OPPOSITE UNION PASSENGER DEPOT,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

[je.11.-1y.] FELIX HENLY, Prop'r.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG

R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.

J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.

Fourth St., between Market and Arch,

May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

1868. FALL TRADE. 1868.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!

EITHER AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of

Tin, Sheet-Iron,

COPPER AND BRASS WARES,

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN

SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c.,

COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,

EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES.

NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!

It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS

of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to

Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron.

at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS

now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please and who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.

Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

TO CASH BUYERS!

AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c.; Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞*House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for cash. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

THE UNIVERSAL

CLOTHES WRINGER,

UNIVERSAL
EXTRA
IMPROVED DOUBL